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PIANO.

THESE Instruments having been before the public for the past thirty years, have upon their excellence alone, attained an UNPURCHASED PRE-EMI-NENCE that pronounces them unequalled. Their

TONE combines great power, richness, sweetness, and singing quality, as well as great purity of intona-tion and harmoniousness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH elactic, and is entirely free from the stiffness found in so many pianos, which causes the performer to so easily tire. In WORKMANSHIP

hey cannot be excelled. Their action is construct ed with a care and attention to every part therein that characterizes the finest mechanism. None but the best seasoned material is used in their manu-facture, and they will accept the hard usage of the concert-room with that of the parlor, upon an equality—unaffected in their melody; in fact they are

"NOT FOR A YEAR-BUT FOREVER." All our Square Pianos have our new Improved Grand Scale and Agraffe Troble.

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BALTIMORE, Md. January 16, 1867-1v. For particulars apply to L. DINKLE, Agent, Charlestown.

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in the city. My new Grand Scale Over-strung A-graffe Treble Pianos are pronounced by the ama-teurs and professors to be the best Piano manufactured. We warrant them free of every fault for five years, and the privilege of exchange within twelve months, it not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser. * SECOND-HAND PIANOS. always on hand-\$50 to \$300. MELODEONS and PARLOR ORGANS from the best makers. We have permission to reter to the following per

sons who have our Pianos in use—DS Rentch, Wm Rush, W G Butler, Richard C Williams, Dennis Daniels, Benjamin F Harrison, in Jefferson county, and James L Cunningham, S C Cunningham, Jacob Scibert, Benjamin Speck, Andrew Bowman, George Hoke, Jacob Miller, Charles R Coc, James Denny, Lemuel Campbell, Rev Mr Hair, in Berkeley county. ley county.

13- For farther particulars, apply to B F HA
RISON, Agent, Shepherdstown.

Terms liberal. A call is solicited.

October 2, 1866—1y.

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Are now offering their Entire Stock at the Lowest Prices since 1860.

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WAREHOUSE NO. 59 SOUTH STREET, [NEAR PRATT STREET, FACTORY NO. 380 E. BALTIMORE ST. 15 Keeps always on hand, of his own manufacture, Furniture and Chairs of all kinds, wholesale and retail. Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c. January 22, 1867-1y.

BENJAMIN WASKEY, MANUFACTURER OF Cabinet Furniture, Offers at reduced prices, at his extensive WAREROOMS, NO. 3, N. GAY STREET, AND EXTENDING TO

NO. 6, NORTH FREDERICK STREET, FURNITURE of his own manufacture, consisting of PARLOR SUITS, LIBRARY SUITS, BED ROOM SUITS, DINIAG ROOM SUITS, with a general assortment BALTIMORE, January 22, 1867-1y.

BERKELEY W. MOORE,

Charles A. O'Hara & Co., FARMERS' & PLANTERS' AGENT.

COMMISSION MERCHANT. FOR THE SALE OF GBACCO, GRAIN AND OTHER COUNTRY

PRODUCE, 105 South Charles Street, BALTIMORE.

65- All Orders Promptly filled at Wholesale Pri-28, when accompanied with Cash or Produce. Dec. 4, 1866—tf.

FRANK L. MORLING, FLORIST, SEEDSMAN & NURSERYMAN Store No. 2, N. Eutaw St., BALTIMORE, Nurseries on the Hookstown Road, Adjoin-

ing Druid Hill Park, WOULD invite the attention of the citizens of the Valley of Virginia, to his stock of GARDEN SEEDS. FLOWER SEEDS, FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, and all SMALL FRUITS. EVERGRERN AND ORNAMENTAL

Shade Trees, Green House, Hot House and Hardy Plants, ROSES and FLOWERING SHRUBS. I will be prepared at all times to furnish every-April 17, 1866-1y

ENTLER HOTEL, SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRG'IA

J. P. A. ENTLER, Proprietor.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co-Partnership under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the purpose of conducting the Produce Commission and Forwarding Business at the Charlestown Percet. JNO. J. LOCK:

To the Farmers, Millers and Others IN THE COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE.

HAVING associated ourselves in business for the Purposes of the above Card, we will pay for Wheat, Flour, Corn and all other kinds of Produce the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive and ferward on Commission, making sales and re-turns in the shortest time.

Charlestown Depot, Jan, 15, 1867.

A FULL line of Ladies' and Misses' Hoop Skirts
M. BEHREND'S.,

VOL. 20. CHARLESTOWN,

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DANIEL B. LUCAS, Attorney at Law. PRACTICE in the Courts held at Leesburg, Berryville, Winchester, Shepherdstown and Martinsburg. Office at HALLTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA. All business left for me at the office of EDWARD C. FREEL, Esq., in Shepherdstown, W- CASES IN BANKRUPTCY attended to.

einber 26, 1867-tf. EDWARD C. FREEL, Attorney at Law PRACTICES in the Courts of JEFFERSON, BERKELEY, and MORGAN Counties. He will have the advantage of consultation with and advice of DANIEL B. LUCAS, in all business in-

trusted to him. Office, opposite Entler's Hotel, Shepherdsown, West Va. November 26, 1867- tf. ANDREW HUNTER. SOLICITOR IN MATTERS OF BANK-

RUPTCY, HAVING specially prepared for the business; and not being excluded from the United States Courts; will prosecute, diligently, all applications for the benefit of the late Bankrupt law, committed 13-He will regularly attend the Federal Court at Clarksburg, and elsewhere as the cases may re-

Charlestown, July 16, 1867-tf. New Era, Martinsburg, and Winchester Times, copy each 3 times.

CRARLES DAVIES. Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and in BANKRUPTCY. Harper's Ferry, West Virginia.

MR. DAVIES leing a member of the Bar of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, is prepared to undertake any business in Bankruptcy that may be given him, during the short time the Bankruptcy act is likely to remain in existence. July 30, 1867.

ISAAC FOUKE, Attorney at Law, Charlestown, Jefferson County, TRACTICES in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley P and Morgan Counties, W. Virginia, and in those of Loudoun, Frederick and Clark Counties, Virginia; also in the United States District Court in cases in Bankruptc Office in Hunter's Law Row, next door to the July 30, 1867-17

WM. II. TRAVERS. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, WILL practice in the District Courts of the United States for the District of West Virginia .-Particular attention paid to cases in Bankruptcy.

JAMES A. L. MC'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. No. 40, St. Paul Street, Baltimore, DRACTICES in the State and United States Courts A and pays particular attention to the prosecuton of claims against the General Government. January 2d 1866-tf.

Resident Dentist.



DR. J. V. SIMMONS, BEING permanently located in Charlestown, Va., offers his services in every branch of his pro-

Charges very moderate. July 23, 1867-1y. DR. C. T. RICHARDSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at the Carter House, CHARLESTOWN. 33-Special attention given to cases of OPERA-TIVE SURGERY.

June 18, 1867-5m. Jos. E. CLAGETT, M. D.] [J. WM. WALLS, M. D. DRS. CLAGETT & WALLS. No. 17 South Eutaw Street,

(Nearly Opposite Concordia Hall,) BALTIMORE, M.d. July 30, 1867-tf.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. CHARLES W. GOLDSBOROUGH, offers his professional services to the citizens in the vicinity of Summit Point, Jefferson county, Va.

His residence is at the farm lately owned by Gurdon H. Pendleton, Esq. PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. H. C. BECKHAM. H AVING located at Duffield's Depot, offers his Professional Services to the public. 17 He may be found at all hours at his office, next door to Melvin's Store.

October 8, 1867-3m.* Billiard-Parlor and Restaurant. LOUDOUN ST., OPPOSITE COURT-HO.

WINCHESTER, VA.

CHARLES J. KENNEDY & CO. PROPRIETORS.

THE EATING ESTABLISHMENT, WILL be in charge of experienced hands. The best OYSTERS received daily and served up in any style desired. **All kinds of GAME in season.

The BAR will always be stocked with the finest WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS. The BILLIARD SALOON will be found the best in the Valley-being elegantly furnished and provided with TABLES combining all the modern improvements. * * GIVE US A CALL.

CHARLES J. KENNEDY & CO. November 12, 1567-1y.

Proprietors. HARDWARE. W E have just received a nice assortment of the following goods in our line:

Tin Toilet Setts-Plain and Fancy, Ivory Handle Knives-best quality, Plated Forks and Spoons, Knives and Forks.

Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, of every kind and price, Stove Brushes and Stove Polish, Nov. 5, 1867. D. HIMPE D, HUMPHREYS & CO.

GREAT EXCITEMENT! TREMENDOUS BOWNFALL IN DRY GOODS At the New Store, "Spirit Building," CHARLESTOWN, VA,

H AVING just returned from the Eastern mar-kets with my third stock of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. they will be sold at Baltimore prices. They comprising 6-4 Cashmeres, Black and Figured Alpacas, French Merinocs, Delaines, Black and White Shawls, Ladies' and Children's Hoods, Breakfast Shawls, Black and White Santago Cloaks and Sacks of all kinds. In Clothing, we have one of the largeof all kinds. In Clothing, we have one of the largest'and finest stocks ever offered, such as Silk Mixed Harris Cassimeres, full Cloth Suits, and others too numerous to mention. Also, Overcoats of all kinds, Cloths and Cassimeres in great varieties. Callearly and examine for yourselves at

ly and examine for yourselves at b. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S.
"Spirit Building," Charlestown, Va.
November 5, 1867.

DOMESTICS. BLEACHED and Brown Cottons, Bagging, Tick-ing, Stripes, Plaid Cotton, Striped Linsey, Flannels, heavy and fine; Canton Flannel, bleached and brown, just received and for sale by October 1, 1967. D. HOWELL.

Spicit of Jeffecson.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

Tuesday Morning, December 3, 1867.

IMPEACHMENT!

The Majority Report!

In the House of Representatives on Monday last, three several reports were submitted from the Judiciary Committee on the subject of impeachment. We herewith append the charges upon which the majority of the committee propose to arraign the President. The first part of the report is devoted to a review of the condition of the country at the time Mr. Johnson assumed the duties of the Chief Magistracy. This portion we omit, and only give the charges upon which it is proprosed to try him :-

In accordance with the testimony herewith submitted and the view of the law herein presented the committee are of opinion that Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, is guilty of high crimes and midemeanors requiring the interposition of the constitutional powers of this House.

In that upon the final surrender of the rebel armies and the overthrow of the rebel government. mies, and the overthrow of the rebel government, the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, neglected to convene the Congress of the United States, that by its aid and authority, legal and constitutional measures might have been adopt ed for the oaganization of loyal and constitutiona government in the States then recently in rebellion.

In that in his proglamation to the people of North
Carolina of the 29th day of May, 1865, he assumed
that he had authority to decide whether the government of North Carolina, and whether any other government that might be set up therein, was re-publican in form, and that in his office of President it was his duty and within his power to guarantee to said people a republican form of government, contrary to the constitution, which provides that the United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and contrary also to a deliberateopinion of the Supreme Court, which declares that Congress is invested exclusively with the power to decide whether the government of a State is republican or not. In that he did thereafter reorganize and treat a plan of government set up in North Carolina, under and in conformity to his own advice and direction, as republican in form, and entirely restored to its

tions as a State, notwithstanding Congress is functions as a State, notwithstanding Congress is the branch of the government in which, by the con-stitution, such power is exclusively vested, and not-withstanding Congress did refuse to recognize such government as a legitimate government, or as a government republican in form.

In that by a public proclamation and otherwise he did, in the year 1865, invite, solicit and convene in certain other States then recently in rebellion, conventions of persons, many of whom were known traitors, who had been organized in an attempt to overthrow the government of the United States, and urged and directed such conventions to frame con-

stitutions for such States. In that he thereupon assumed to accept, ratify and confirm certain so-called constitutions framed by such illegal and treasonable assemblies of persons, which constitutions were never submitted to sons, which constitutions were never submitted to the people of the respective States, nor ratified and confirmed by the United States, thus usurping and exercising powers vested by the Constitution in the Congress of the United States exclusively; in that he pardoned large numbers of public and notorious traitors, with the design of receiving their aid in such conventions called by his advice and direction for the nursus of organizing and setting up such for the purpose of organizing and setting up such illegal governments in the States then recently in rebellion, prior to the annual meeting of Congress, with the intent thus to constrain Congress to accept, ratify and confirm such illegal and unconstitutional

proceedings.
In that he did within and for the States recently in rebellion create and establish as a civil office the office of a provisional governor, so-called, an office unknown to the constitution or laws of the land — In that he appointed to such office so created in said States, respectively, men who were public and no-torious traitors, he well knowing that they had been engaged in open, persistent and formidable efforts for the overthrow of the government of the United States, and well knowing, also, that these men States, and well knowing, also, that these men could not enter upon the duties of said office without committing the crime of perjury, or in manifest violation of the laws of the country.

In that he directed the Secretary of State to promise payment of money to said persons so illegally appointed, as salary or compensation for services to be performed in said office so illegally created, contrary to the provisions of the law of the United States, approved February 9, 1863, entitled "An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending the twentieth day of June, 1864, and for a deficiency for the signal service for the year ending June 30, 1863."

In that he directed the Secretary of War to pay

In that he directed the Secretary of War to pay moneys to said persons for services performed in said office soillegally created, which moneys were so paid under his direction, without authority of law, contrary to law, and in violation of the constitution of the United States. stitution of the United States.

In that he deliberately dispensed with and sus United States, passed on the 2d of July, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office, and for other purposes."

In that he appointed to offices created by the laws

of the United States, persons who, as was well known to him had been engaged in the rebellion. who were guilty of the crime of treason, and who who were guilty of the crime of treason, and who could not, without committing the crime of perjury, or otherwise violating, criminally the said act of July 2d, 1862, enter upon the duties thereof.

In that without authority of law, and contrary to law, he used and applied property taken from the enemy in time of war for the payment of the expenses and the support of the said illegal and unconstitutional governments so set up in the said States recently in rebellion, and for a like purpose, and in violatiou of the constitution and of his oath of office, he authorized and permitted a levy of taxes and in violation of the constitution and of his oath of office, he authorized and permitted a levy of taxes upon the people of said States, thus usurping and exercising a power which by the constitution is exclusively vested in the Congress of the United States, all of which acts were a usurpation of power contrary to the laws and constitution of the United States and in violation of his cath of the United

States, and in violation of his oath of office as President of the United States. In that the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, has, in messages to Congress and otherwise, put licly denied substantially the right of Congress to provide for the pacification, govern-ment and restoration of said States to the Union; and in like manner he has asserted his exclusive right to provide governments therefor, and to ac-cept and proclaim the restoration of said states to the Union, all of which is in derogation of the right-ful authority of Congress, and calculated to sub-vert the government of the United States. In that, in accordance with said declaration, he

has vetoed various bills passed by Congress for the pacification and government of the states recently in rebellion and their speedy restoration to the Union, and upon the ground and for the reason that the said states had been restored to their places in the Union by his aforesaid illegal and unconstitutional proceedings, thus so interposing and using a constitutional power of the office he held as to prevent the restoration of the Union upon a constitutional basis. In that he has exercised the power of removal and appointment to office for the purpose of maintaining effectually his aforesaid usurpation, and for the pur-

pose af securing the recognition by Congress of the state governments so illegally and unconstitutionally set up in the states recently in rebellion, such state governments so illegally and unconstitutionally set up in the states recently in rebellin, such removals and appointments having been attended and followed with greatinjury to the public service and with enormous losses to the public revenue.

In that in the exercise of the pardoning power he issued an order for the restoration of one dundred and ninety-three men belonging to West Virginia who, upon the record of the War Department, were marked as deserters from the army in time of war, and this upon the representations of private and interested persons, and without previous investigation by any officer of the War Department, and for the sole purpose of enabling such persons to vote in an election then pending in said state, and with the expectation that they would so vote as to support him in his aforesaid unconstitutional proceedings, he then well knowing that the men so restorted, and by virtue of such restoration, would be entitled to a large sum of money from the Treasury of the United States.

In that, by his message to the House of Representatives, on the 22d day of June, 1866, and by other public and private means he has attempted to prevent the ratification of an amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed to the several states by the two houses of Congress agreeably to the constitution of the United States, although such proposed amendment provided, among other things, for the validity of the public debt of the United States, and rendered the payment of any claim for slaves curancipated, or of any debt incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the

ed in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the of hands.

United States impossible either by the government of the United States or by any of the States recently in rebellion, he well knowing that the provisions inserted under and by his dictation in the said illegal constitutions for said States were wholly inadequate to protect the loyal people thereof, or the peo-ple of the United States against the payment of claims on account of slaves emancipated and of A TERRIBLE SCENE.

VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1867.

debts incurred by such States in aid of rebellion, thus rendering it practicable and easy for those in authority in the aforesaid illegal and unconstitutional governments thus set up to tax and oppress the loyal people of such States for the benefit of those who have been engaged in the attempt to overthrow the government of the United States. In that he has made official and other public declarations and statements calculated and designed to injure and impair the credit of the United States, to encourage persons recently engaged in rebellion against its authority to obstruct and resist the rerganization of the rebel States, so-called, upon organization of the rebel States, so-called, upon a republican basis, and calculated and designed also to deprive the Congress of the United States of the confidence of the people as well in its patriotism as in its constitutional right to exist, and to act as the department of the government which under the constitution possess exclusive legislative power; and all this with the latent of rendering Congress incapable of resisting either his said usur-Congress incapable of resisting either his said usur-pations of power, or of providing and enforcing measures necessary for the pacification and resto-

ration of the Union.

And that in all this he exercised the veto power the power of removal and appointment, the par-doning power, and other constitutional powers of his office, for the purpose of delaying, hindering, obstructing, and preventing the restoration of the Union by constitutional means, and for the further purpose of alienating from the government and laws of the United States those persons who had been engaged in the rebellion, and who, without aid, comfort and encouragement thus by him given to them would have resumed in good faith their allegiance to the constitution; and all with the expectation of conciliating them to himself person-

ally, that he might thereby finally prevent the restoration of the Union upon the basis of the laws passed by Congress.

And further, that the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, transferred and surrendered, and authorized and directed the transfer and surrender of railway property of the value of many millions of dollars to persons who had been engaged in rebellion, or to corporations owned wholly or in part by such persons, he well knowing that in some instances the railways had been constructed by the United States, that in others such railways and railway property had been captured from the enemy in war, and afterwards repaired at great cost by the United States, such transfer and surrender eing made without authority of law and in viola In that he directed and authorized the sale of large

quantities of railway rolling stock and other railway property of the value of many millions of dollars, the property of the United States by purchase and construction, to corporations and parties then known to him to be unable to pay their debts then matured and due, and this without exacting from said corporations and parties any security whatever. In that he directed and ordered subordinate officers of the government to postpone and delay the collection of moneys due and payable to the United States on account of such sales, in apparent conformity to an order previously made by him that the interest upon certain bonds issued or guaran-teed by the State of Tennessee in aid of certain rail-ways, then due and unpaid for a period of four years and more, should be first paid out of the earn-ings of the roads in whose behalf said bonds were so issued or guaranteed.

In that, in conformity to such order or direction the collection of moneys payable and then due to the United States was delayed and postponed, and the interest on such bones, of which he himself was a large holder, was paid according to the terms of his own order, thus corruptly using his office to his own order, thus corruptly using his office to defraid and wrong the people of the United States, and for his own personal advantage.

In that he has not only restored to claimants thereof large amounts of cotton and other abandoned property that had been seized and taken by the agents of the Treasury in conformity to law, but his paid and directed the payment of the actual proceeds of sales made thereof, and this in violation of a law of the United States which orders and requires the payment into the treasury of the United States of all moneys received from such sales, and provides for loyal claimants a sufficient and easy remedy in the Court of Claims, and in manifest violation of the spirit and meaning of the constitution, wherein it is declared that no money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of ap-

propriations made by law.

And further, in that the said Andrew Johnson,
President of the United States, authorized the use of the army of the United States for the dispersion of a poaceful and lawful assembly of citizens of Louisiana, and this by virtue of a dispatch addressed to a person who was not an officer of the army, but who was a public and notorious traitor, and all with the intent to deprive the loyal people of Louisiana of every opportunity to frame a State gov-ernment republican in form, and with the intent further to continue in places of trust and emolu-ment persons who had been engaged in an attempt to overthrow the government of the United States, expecting thus to conciliate such persons to himself and secure their aid in support of his aforesaid

unconstitutional designs.

All of which omissions of duty, usurpations of power, violations of his oath of office, of the laws, and of the constitution of the United States by the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, have retarded the public prosperity, lessered the public revenues, disordered the business and finances of the country, encouraged insubordina-tion in the people of the States recently in rebellion, fostered sentiments of hostility between different classes of citizens, revived and kept alive the spirit of the rebellion, humiliated the nation, dishonored republican institutions, obstructed the restoration f said States to the Union, and delayed and postponed the peaceful and fraternal reorganization of the government of the United States.

The committee therefore report the accompanying resolution and recommend its passage. GEORGE S. BOUTWELL, FRANCIS THOMAS. THOMAS WILLIAMS, WILLIAM LAWRENCE, JOHN C. CHURCHILL. Resolution providing for the impeachment of the President of the United States:

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, be impeached of high crimes and DULL TIMES IN NEW YORK .- There is much complaint in New York of dull times among the merchants. The correspondent

of the Philadelphia Ledger writes: "Nine out of every ten of them will tell you they are not making money enough to pay clerk hire or store rent, while the tenth will declare that he can only effect sales by submitting to enormous sacrifices. The fact is, buyers and sellers alike seem disposed to hold off for a while to see what course congressional legislation is going to take on the financial question, and also to see what is to come of the impeachment talk. The future is considered uncertain, and until the fog clears up, these complaints of dullness are likely to prevail. The wholesale dry good dealers of Brooklyn have been in consultation upon a proposition to reduce the salaries of their clerks thirty per cent, on and after

cline in goods and consequent heavy losses." - It is understood that the new fifteen cent denomination of the fractional currency is now ready to be issued, but that the delay is occasioned by a desire to know the opinion of Congress on the subject of issuing it. . It seems that so far all the members who have been conversed with in regard to it are favorable to the new denomination.

the 1st of January, owing to the ruinous de-

- The work of "conciliating" the Indians is still vigorously prosecuted. The way it is done is to kill all the Indians that can be found, and give the others to understand that they will be shot at sight. The Indians don't like it much; but it would be preposterous to consult their wishes on the subject.

The Norwich Bulletin says, "The largest manufactory of print-cloths in Connecticut has been still, more or less, for the past two weeks, ostensibly for repairs, but really because goods that cost fourteen cents a yard are selling at wholesale in the New York market for thirteen cents, and everywhere we hear of a lessened production and a discharge into the possession of important facts—the Spanish garrote preferable in its operation to of hands.

THE OHIO RAILROAD DISASTER. Full Particulars of the Calamity.

The Cincinnati Commercial gives the details of the distressing railroad slaughter

which occurred on the Cincinnati and Dayton road on Thursday evening. It says: A terrible calamity occurred yesterday morning on the railroad commonly known as letters was from General Beauregard, as presthe Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton, but which is used in common by several roads, a short distance above Lockland, Ohio, at about | kind attention of railroad men generally. It a quarter of 6 o'clock. The darkness of the appears that they left their home in New early morning was made impenetrable by a Orleans in June last and spent the summer dense fog. An extra freight train of thirty- | and fall at St. Catharine's Wells and Toronto, owing to the breaking of the engine's pilot. The engineer immediately sent back a man to flag the express train that he knew was following him-a combined eastern and northern express, made up of passenger coaches of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad, through from New York, and of the Dayton seven minutes after 5 o'clock, and took about | brother-in-law. twenty minutes to reach this bridge. The flagman's lights for this train were discovered n good time, and it was promptly halted.

The Death Trap. two Atlantic and Great Western sleeping coaches, two Atlantic and Great Western

death. Precautions that Failed. William H. Sliter, gave orders to his flagan, Theodore Cress, to start back with a light; "to go as fast as he could and as far as he could," and stop the Hamilton accommodation and freight mixed, that was following rapidly and would soon be up with them .-Cress was seen to start back at a rapid pace, bearing a red light and a white light. While he went on his errand the conductor walked down along the freight train its entire length of nearly 1,200 feet, to see what damage the Beckett had sustained. He then started tance in return when he realized that somewas coming a train of sixteen cars-two pasalong with the speed of much steam and a steep down grade. He heard the whistle of again and wondered that it should have been repeated. He heard it a third time, saw the dim glitter of the swiftly approaching headlight, and knew, although he could not comprehend why, that death and destruction were at hand.

The Crash. with reversed motion, doing all that it could to avoid its fate, the Franklin, an unwilling agent of death, slid along the wet rails, propelled by the momentum of its train, and plunged half its length into that rear "sleener." The crash was terrible. Instantly pearly all the passenger cars were jammed into each other, and the Steedman was driven into the caboose of the freight train.

were four women and a man imprisoned be-

tween timbers and panels, bleeding, gasping, and dying, one with her entrails torn out, and another with her head cut off. Scenes of Horror.

If this was terrible, that which ensued was horrible. While the bewildered and frightened passengers in the other cars were being released, the steam, scalding hot, was parboiling these mangled victims, the smoke was choking them, and soon there was a whirl of fire through their car, from the engine's head ight or the car stove, the only fire of the train that had not been extinguished as soon as possible after the accident. The flames crept all over this last fatal wreck, wreathed themselves around five human beings, ate up clothing, skin, flesh and bone, while the victims shricked and screamed for mercy, for pity, for aid-and one for water. One of the ladies got her head out of a window, and

have been saved from fire, for her body was locked between timbers, and could not be drawn out. The conductor and engineer procured axes and attempted to cut into the car, but failed in this. Rapidly the fire swallowed this car, and strode through and over every passenger coach of the train. Its progress was unimpeded, and its triumph complete, save that could find no more lives to destroy.

an effort was made to rescue her, but it was

made in vain. Only her head and neck could

As soon as possible, two physicians, Drs. Bunker and Miller, came over from Lockland and attended faithfully to the ini none fatally, fortunately, save the unhappy victims of the fire. Dispatches were sent to the city, and a special, bearing Drs. Wood, Murphy and Miller, and containing stretchers and other necessaries, was sent to the scene of the wreck.

When the fire had exhausted itself, the wreck was cleared away from the track, and search for the dead was made. A headless trunk and a trunk that lacked limbs were found. three others were found less mutilated. While the dressing was in progress, these ghastly remnants of humanity were picked out, all charred and blackened, and still smoking with heat, and carefully laid aside. So far as was possible the parts were placed together. There were remnants of two bodies, however. that amounted to nothing more than several unrecognizable masses of broiled flesh and broken bones.

Identification of the Dead-Four Sisters Killed Together.

NO. 14.

steam, and fire. Ten pieces of baggage, mostly trunks, were found belonging to the four ladies. Eight of these were opened.—
They were found to contain splendid wardrobes of four ladies, all neatly packed away for a journey. Among the letters they contained were some that fully established the owners, proving them to be four sisters of a wealthy family of New Orleans of the name of Morgan, their given names being Harriet. Rebecca, Sarah, and Elizabeth. One of the ident of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroad, recommending them to the

six cars was obliged to halt on, and north and canada West. When killed they were en south of the bridge above Lockland station, their way home, intending to stop at Louisville and spend a couple of days with some of their acquaintances there. Another letter was from Charles Harrod, New Orleans, signed as their affectionate brother, and indicating that he was acting as

agent of their property. There was also a letter from his wife, Clara M. Harrod, signand Michigan road from Detroit, connected | ing herself as their affectionate sister, from at Dayton. This train left Hamilton at twenty- | which it is inferred that Mr. Harrod is their

The Fifth Victim-A Record of Heroism. It has been ascertained that the gentleman killed was Mr. Charles Jackson, of Boston. who had acquaintances on the train and Here, then, behind the freight train of friends in this city. This man was not scratchthirty-six cars, and within a couple of rods | ed. He was roasted alive- in the full vigor of the caboose, stood the engine Steedman, of of manhood—and he met death in the heroa train of ten cars-two express, two baggage, ism of a vain attempt to save one or more of the ladies. After the crash he was seen outside the train on the ground, entirely unharmpassenger coaches, one Dayton and Michigan ed. It was supposed that he was standing sleeping coach, and one Dayton and Michigan on the platform and jumped; but when he passenger coach The Dayton and Michigan saw the head of one and the hand of another sleeping car was the last of this second train, of the ladies who were imprisoned in the car, and next to it was the Dayton and Michigan and appealing for help, projecting from the passenger coach. All the cars, save the last, window, while the steam was scalding them, were well filled. In the last car sat four ladies | but before the roasting alive had commenced, and two gentlemen. This car was the death he worked his way back into the car (how, it trap, and all these ladies were soon roasted to is not known, weless through one of the windows) in a noble effort to save life. But he was immediately choked and blinded by As soon as this train halted, its conductor, smoke and steam, and sank down beside his fellow-travellers and sufferers, and died with

The Case of Dr. Mudd.

One is at a loss to imagine, says the New York World, what reason Jacobinism will assign why a pardon ought not to be granted to Dr. Mudd. This man was convicted among others, by Stanton's military inquisition, for alleged complicity in a conspiracy to assassinate Mr. Lincoln. The proof against back, and had walked only a third of the dis- him was, that a person with a broken leg came to his house and asked him to perform thing was wrong. Three-quarters of a mile the surgical operation of reducing the fracaway, in the darkness and through the fog, cumstances, the military court concluded that senger and the balance freight-whizzing the person with the broken leg was John Wilkes Booth. And, for this wicked act of setting a broken leg for a man believed to be brakes on once, and knew that the flagman's | John Wilkes Booth, Doctor Mudd was sensignal had been noticed. He heard the whistle | tenced to ponal servitude on the Dry Tortugas islands for life. Dr. Mudd was a practicing physician and surgeon. As such, it was, of course, his professional duty to perform the operation which the man with a broken leg asked him to perform. It was not only an act done in the line of professional duty, but it was an act of common humanity. A refu-Whistling brakes down, turning its wheels | sal to perform it would have been both unpro-

fessional and inhuman. Of course, none but the infernal spirit of Beelzebub would have found this act of professional duty and of humanity to be a crime worthy of penal servitude for life, And none but the same spirit can find a reason why this still living victim of Jacobin vengeance ought not to be pardoned. That, in the exercise of his skill as a physician, he has saved In two of the cars people were writhing un-der the tortures of torn limbs and bodies; but and among his keepers, from the ravages of in that last car Death was revelling. There | yellow fever, is not the reason on which his pardon ought to be based. The latter is no more an act of humanity, or an act worthy of praise than was the act of setting Booth's leg, for which this man's sentence was pronounced. That sentence ought to be remitted simply because it is right and just that it

Romance of Menotti Garibaldi.

Menotti Garibaldi-the hero of the hourhas had as romantic a birth as could be desired. He was born 16th of Sept. 1840, at a miserable shanty situated on the Pampas of La Plata, when his father, and his mother too, battled for the Republic of the Rio Grande. Garibaldi had gone during the morning to a neighboring town to purchase clothes for the mother and expected little stranger. On his return he heard the new born's voice, and, kissing his young wife, took the baby in his arms. "What shall we call him ?" said the mother. "Menotti," replied with a scar on his head, caused by his mother, while pregnant, having been thrown from her horse, after fighting her way, revolver in hand, when surrounded by enemies. Surprised almost a few days after her accouchment by an attack from the enemy, she wrapped Menotti in his father's cloak, and, but half-dressed herself, jumped into the saddle, strapping the child across it, and gallopped to the forest, pursued by the enemy, to meet her husband and his companions in arms. - has lately been accomplished at the silver Since then Menotti has shared the reward his father holds out to his followers-hunger, mines were over 3000 feet deep, and the thirst, want, and marching night and day .-He is always calm and smiling; he is of the middle height, large shoulders, full courage wheels, aided by tunnel drains. But the and boldness-a stoical soul in an iron body. [London Court Journal.

Rome, and afterwards defeated, put to flight and captured, is still in the hands of the King of Italy. The settlement of Italian difficul-

stituting the guillotine for the gallows in capital punishment, as a means of avoiding tinual profitable production. the cruel and unseemly spectacle of prolonging the agony of a condemned criminal by Killed Together.

Since the above was written, we have come The Commercial Advertiser thinks "the

Spirit of Jefferson

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One Square, Three Insertions. Each Continuance. One Square, One Month, 2.00 One Square, Three Months, 5.00 One Square, Six Months, One Square, One Year,

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Yearly Advertisements by Special Contract.

Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square.

Pale Disease in Sheep. Dr. Yant, of Tuscarawas county, writes to the Canton Repository concerning the Pales.

or Liver Rot in sheep: "From communications which I have received, relating to the above disease, I have gathered the following highly important facts and suggestions:—First, that it is identical with hog cholera, and that both diseases are caused by numerous small worms in the stomach and intestines.

"One man, who writes to me from Chandlerville, Ill., says he cures hog cholera and pales" in sheep with the same medicine: and it is my opinion that hen cholera admits of the same classification. Post mortem examinations have discovered thousands of small worms in the stomach of a sheep. This theory being correct-of which I have no doubt-whatever expels worms from the animal, will act as a preventive and a cure.-Copperas given in salt, at the rate of onefourth of a pound to the hundred sheep, is recommended, to which I would add tobacco, pulverized or in snuff. It is death on the nsect tribe. Coal oil (petroleum) is recommended as an infallible remedy. It has lately been tried in one case of the rale disease un-der my observation, and with perfect success. I think that if the facts above given will be made known throughout the country, it will save thousands of valuable sheep and hogs the coming winter."

Fork Your Gardens.

Professed gardeners well understand the fall management of these important little family farms. It is needless to tell them how much the success of next year's crops depends upon turning up the ground late in November intended for such crops. But there are many others-those who have small gardens-and in this class are many well-todo farmers-who only raise small crops of vegetables, and these of an inferior quality,

and wonder why it is so. Now, we cannot too often repeat the advice that if they will use the garden fork, and turn the soil up full fork deep, allowing it to remain in lumps all winter exposed to the frost, it will put the soil in excellent condition and tend greatly to add to the production of next year's crops. Gardens, and especially old ones, should also be limed about once in five years, and salted about every other year applying of lime at the rate of thirty bushels to the acre, and of salt from eight to ten .-In applying salt keep it from coming in contact with boxedging and all other evergreens. very small trees, &c. Such a course will bring up your old gardens in a surprising manner. Turnips, radishes, &c., will grow as well as they ever did, and all other vegetables be largely benefitted.

An Analysis of Food.

It is stated that a hungry man who sits down before a pound of beefsteak, tender. juicy, and an inch thick, and eats will find upon anlaysis that 65 per cent. of his steak was water; that 18 per cent. will go to give him an aldermanic fleshness; and the 14 per cent. is assigned to warm him, and make him feel comfortable on a cold day. Of the fleshforming ingredients, according to Dr. Playfair, every one, on an average, requires 93 pounds annually to keep up proper bodily condition. If it is not obtained from steaks, then it must be secured from something else. Cheese is a great flesh former (30 per cent.) and taken with beer, speedily conceals all traces of unsightly bones. Two ounces of flesh formers per diem will keep a man alive if he is not forced to labor, but hard labor requires six, or the body will run short of starch and sugar, and go behindhand in health and strength. In 100 parts of wheat there are 10 pounds of flesh, but there is nearly double the amount in the same quantity of oatmeal .- Philadelphia Ledger.

What Breaks Down Young Men. It is the common received notion that hard study is the unhealthy element of college life. But from tables of the mortality of Harvard University, collected by Professor Pierce from the last triennial catalogue, it is clearly demonstrated that the excess of deaths for the first ten years after graduation is found in that portion of each class inferior in scholarship. Every one who has been through the curriculum knows that where Æschuvlus and political economy injure one, late hours and rum punches use up a dozen; and that the two little fingers of Morpheus are heavier than the loins of Euclide. Dissipation is a sure and swift destroyer, and every young man who follows it is as the early flower exposed to untimely frost. Those who have been inveighed in the path of vice are named "Legion," for they are many-enough to convince every novitiate that he has no security that he shall escape a similar fate. A the father; "better the name of a martyr to liberty than a saint's." Menotti was born saint sain function of the human body. The brains, the limbs, the bones—every part and faculty—are overtasked, worn and weakened by the terrific energy of passion and appetite loosed from restraint until like a dilapidated mansion, the "earthly house of this tabernacle" falls into ruinous decay. Fast young men, right

-The most stupendous tunnel enterprisemines in the German Hartz Mountains. The scarcity of fuel prevented the use of steam great depth reached in 1859 precluded turther progress in that manner, and a tunnel — Garibaldi having won a battle near but now finished. It is twenty two miles long; ties having thus been transferred from the field to the cabinet, will probably drag their slow length along, throughout the coming winter.

— The New York Times is in favor of sub-

— A young lady at Monroe, Iowa, who had, probably been sitting up too late at night, recently dislocated her jaw by gaping too severely. She got it fixed and is now ready for another "feller," provided he dont stay too late.

LOOK OUT!

We will regret exceedingly, if the indifference of our subscribers shall compel us to resort again to the red mark. If, however, there is a failure to meet our wants by those who owe us, we shall start the mark on its mission next week. A hint ought to suffice.

What has become of our wood paying friends? Do they mean that we shall suffer from the cold, chilling winds of December? Come friends, be reasonable, be just !

CONVENTIONS!

These are now the order of the day, and if not popular, are at least fashionable, and are attracting no little attention from the press of the country, North and South. In Alabama a convention is in session which is expected to report a constitution for the readmission of that State to the Union under the miscalled reconstruction measures adopted by the Rump Congress last winter. Virginia and other States of the South will soon have similar curses inflicted upon them, as a punishment, we suppose, for their rebellious conduct and for their contumacy in rejecting the constitutional amendment proposed by a "beneficent" Congress, to aid in the restoration of the Union on the basis of radical justice. The evils which are to ensue from these mongrel gatherings, are to have their development in the future, but it requires no remarkable sagacity to foresee that none but ruinous consequences will follow the successful inauguration of the policy but too distinctly foreshadowed. No good is to be accomplished however, by indulging in gloomy forebodings. The only course left is to overthrow the party that would, for the perpetuation of its own power, entail the unmitigated evil of negro supremacy upon the country This the people of the North now seem to understand and appreciate, and in their late elections, they signally rebuked the mad spirit of fanaticism which was crushing beneath the chariot of its own lusts the very liberties of the people.

Encouraged by this noble stand of the freemen of the North, and in response to the unmistakable expression of their detestation of the monstrosities of radicalism, the white men of the South, the real sovereigns, are gathering their strength and girding their loins for a last, and we trust successful stand, in defence of constitutional government and regulated liberty-free from licentiousness and unpolluted by the unholy and repulsive contamination of negro equality.

It is perhaps fortunate for the country, that this attempt to degrade the white peo ple of the South was made last winter. It afforded an opportunity for the discussion of the enormity of radical policy, and gave time for reflection upon it by the people; and if the party will but have the courage to adhere to it, as the leaders seem disposed to do, for - the Presidential contest next year, radicalism will receive a burial beneath the indignation of an outraged people which will know no resurrection except in the hell in which its iniquities have been conceived.

Organized opposition to the proposed abomination, is already begun in the South. The conservatives of old Virginia-in every town and county are moving, and on the 11th of the present month they design holding a convention in the city of Richmond, in which some plan will be matured for rescuing the State from the unhallowed embrace of radicalism and defeating the machinations of those twin scoundrels of negro equality, Underwood and Hunnicutt. The success of this prospective plan will depend upon the en- read. thusiasm with which it is received, and the cordial unanimity of all the elements of opposition to the negro party. There ought to be no divided counsels, as there were in the late election for delegates to the mongrel convention, but the efforts of the people and the press should be directed to the great work of massing and solidifying the conservative party. If this is done, there need be no fears for the Old Dominion.

In West Virginia, too, a conservative convention is proposed, and the 8th of January selected as the day for holding it at Wheeling. The executive committee of the conservative party of the State invite the several counties of the State to appoint delegates, and we trust that this invitation will everywhere meet with a cordial response. Although we have no negro domination to contend with here, we have a more unprincipled foe to meet, in the persons of the notoriously corrupt men who are sporting with the destinies of the mountain State. Who is there that would not risk his political salvation to redeem this State from the vassalage to which she is reduced by these vampires? Then let the 8th of January convention be a success, and let the loathsome paupers who have of you whether you ever compared them to made West Virginia a crib from which to ascertain whether they were the same or not? fatten their despised carcasses, learn the lesson that the sceptre is soon to depart from their grasp, and that the places of position which they have disgraced, are to be filled by those who are honest and worthy.

We believe it is the determination of the conservative party of Jefferson to hold a county convention, which we trust will be done at an early day, for the purpose of appointing delegates to Wheeling. We hope to announce next week the time and place for holding this county gathering.

HIT AT ENGLAND .- Mr. Chandler moved in the United States Senate, on Friday, a resolution declaring the neutrality of the United States in the war between Great Britain and Abyssinia. This is aimed, by way of retort, at the declaration of impartiality and neutrality by England in the war between the Federal Gevernment and the Confederacy. Being objected to, it laid over for one day .-The language of the resolution is the same with the declaration of England.

IMPEACHMENT.

On the first page of our paper we present the important part of the report submitted by the majority of the judiciary committee on the question of impeachment. Two other reports were submitted at the same time, one signed by Messrs. Wilson and Woodbridge. These gentlemen discuss the constitutional question with regard to impeachment, &c., showing by reference to legal authorities, that an impeachment cannot be supported by any act which falls short of an indictable crime or misdemeanor. English precedents are referred to at length, and copious extracts are made from the testimony of the committee in order to refute the reasoning and conclusion of the majority. They conclude their | in the patriotism and enthusiasm of the peoreport as follows:

the volume of testimony reported to the House is of no value whatever. Much of it is mere hearsay, opinions of witnesses and no little of it utterly irrelevant to the case. Comparatively a small amount of it could be used on a trial of this case before the Senate. All the testimony relating to the failure to try, and admission to bail of Jefferson Davis, the assassination of President Lincoln, the diary of J. Wilkes Booth, his place of burial, the practice of pardon-brokerage, the alleged correspondence of the President with Jefferson Davis, may be interesting to a reader, but is not of the least importance so far as a determination of this case is concerned. Still much of this irrelevant matter has been interwoven into the report of the majority, and has served to heighten its color and deepen its tone. Strike cut the stage effect of this irrelevant matter, and the prominence given to the Tudors, the Stuarts, and Michael Burns, and much of the play will disappear. Settle down upon the real evidence in the case that which will establish in view of the attending circumstances, a substantial crime by making plain the elements which constitute it, and the case in many respects dwarfs

into a political contest. In approaching a conclusion we do not fail to recognize the standpoints from which this case can be viewed-the legal and the political. Viewing it from the former, the case upon the law and the testimony fails. Viewing it from the latter the case is a success.

The second minority report was presented by Messrs. Marshall and Eldridge. It takes

able grounds against impeachment. "They say that the majority of Congress and of the committee have entertained and declared at all times, in Congress and out, the part of the Government, stated it was his an account of his action in the Stanton and the same censure and condemnation which is expressed in the report of their associates. whom they allege. entered upon the investigation with the same views they now express. in their report. But, notwithstanding these pre-existing prejudices, the minority of the committee have been compelled to find, after the fullest consideration and the most protracted deliberation, that the President had committed no offence for which, under our laws, he can or ought to be impeached, and hence none subjecting him to the official jurisdiction of the committee or of the House. The censure and condemnation of the President, either by the majority or the minority, is without our jurisdiction, not justified by the facts, unbecoming one department of the Government towards the other, and calculated to bring reproach upon the committee, the

Accompanying these reports is the official testimony of General Grant before the Judiciary Committee, which is anything but pleasing to the Radicals. President Johnson has declared that the policy he has persued was recommended by Mr. Lincoln, and that he was but carrying out the plan of his predecessor, with reference to the reconstruction of the Southern States. This the Radicals vehemently denied. Upon this important point we have the following testimony from General Grant, which completely spikes the

Radical guns: By Mr. Woodbridge: Q. I understood you to say that Mr. Lincoln, prior to his assassination, had inaugurated a policy intended to restore those govern-

A, Yes, sir. Q. You were present when the subject was before the Cabinet? A. I was present, I think, twice before the

I want to know whether the plan adopted by Mr. Johnson was substantially the plan which had been inaugurated by Mr. Lincoln as the basis for his future action? A. Yes, sir, substantially, I do not know

Q. I suppose the paper of Mr. Lincoln was A. I should think so. I think that the very paper which I heard read twice while

but that it was verbatim the same.

Mr. Lincoln was Psesident was the one which was carried through. By Mr. Churchill:

Q. What paper was that? A. The North Carolina proclamation. By Mr. Boutwell: Q. You understood that Mr. Lincoln's plan was temporary, to be either confirmed or a new government set up by Congress?

A. Yes: and I understood Mr. Johnson's By Mr. Williams : Q. Was there anything said on that sub-

ject, or was that your inference? A. That was my inference. Q. You never heard the President say the plan was to be temporary? A. No; but I was satisfied that everybody

looked on it as simply temporary until Con-Q. You stated that the North Carolina proclamation was a continuation of the project submitted by Mr. Lincoln. I wish to inquire A. No, sir, I never compared them. I took them to be the very same papers. The papers were substantially the same, if not the

- The famous Missouri test-oath case has at length been decided. It will be remembered that Francis P. Blair, Jr., was denied the right to vote because he refused to take the test-oath. He appealed to the Missouri Supreme Court, and that tribunal declared the test-oath unconstitutional, thus sustaining Blair. Whenever and wherever the measures of the Radicals are fairly brought to the test of law the decision is against them.

- The Kansas City Advertiser, in reply to a question about General Sherman's remark that the hand that drops the musket must take up the ballot, says: "If Gen. Sherman ever made the declaration attributed to him, he would be compelled to recant before the Democratic nomination. Otherwise it would be a most idle and useless ceremony to nomi-nate him. No true Democrat would support him or any other man nominated on a negro suffrage platform."

DEATH OF WALTER PRESTON.

The Hon. WALTER PRESTON, who represented the Little Tennessee district in the Confederate Congress, died at his residence in Abingdon, last week. For many years Mr. P. had been an invalid, and his sufferings from acute rheumatism had rendered him a complete cripple, and greatly prostrated his physical condition. But amid it all his brilliant mind was unimpaired, and with his clear voice and impassioned eloquence he possessed the power of entrancing the most inattentive listener. We shall never forget the effect of a speech we heard him make in Congress in opposition to the conscript bill. He had unbounded confidence ple, and believed that the government had A great deal of the matter contained in only to call for troops to secure them in numbers sufficient to carry on the unequal contest, and that the spirit of a volunteer army would more than counterbalance the differway and by conscription. After commenting at considerable length upon the comparative efficiency of the soldiery secured by these respective systems, he said in substance, and we think in language-"Mr. Speaker, continue the volunteer system of obtaining the defenders of the rights of the South; and the day is not distant when, under the leadership of the peerless Jackson, the rumble of your artillery will be heard in the cities of the North,-vour tired infantry shall rest their weary limbs on the banks of the Susquehanna, and your gallant troopers slake the thirst of their panting steeds in the waters of the Delaware?" Such was the enthusiasm of the patriot, and such his confidence in the cause and the people he represented. Poor Preston, he was a sufferer here! May his spirit bask in the sunlight of an unfading | tive of the President's order or desire.

JEFFERSON DAVIS. The trial of Mr. Davis has been postponed until the 20th of March next. Chief Justice Chase who had promised so frequently to be present on the occasion, did not make his appearance. The Court met on Monday last, Judge Underwood, presiding. After a few remarks from the latter, Mr. Evarts, on intention to try Mr. Davis some day this term when Chief Justice Chase could preside .-As the latter could not be present until after the adjournment of the Supreme Court, Mr. Evarts suggested the postponement of the trial to the fourth Wednesday of March next. The 20th of March was then agreed upon, and the bail bond of Mr. Davis extended until that time, with the understanding that if Chief Justice Chase could not then preside, the leave of absence should be extended to postponement, the Lynchburg Republican appropriately remarks:

"The postponement of the trial of Hon. Jefferson Pavis until March next, by Underwood's court, is another indication that the trial of that statesman is not to take place at all. The federal government knows very well that he has not been guilty of anything like treason under the constitution or laws of this land, and that to convict him before either an honest court or jury is impossible Chief Justice Chase himself, in 1860, held and freely expressed identically the same sentiments and views as to the constitutional right of secession, that were held and expressed by Mr. Davis and the other States rights men of this country, and the reading of his own public utterances before a court would insure a triumphant acquittal of the accused, except before a packed jury and a corrupt judge. There is no more ground for arraigning Mr. Davis upon the imputation of treason, than there is for arraigning Lee, Johnston, or any other man who participated in the late war for Southern independence and constitutional liberty. The public authorities of the United States know this well, and we predict they will never reach a formal trial of the President of the late Confederacy. The truth is, the real traitors in assassination of Mr. Liucoln, when a plan was this country are those men who now figure in Congress, and have destroyed the constitutional liberties of ten States, and revolutionized the government itself! Stevens and Wade, and Sumner, and Boutwell, and their ilk, are as vile conspirators against the established liberties of their country as ever Cataline or Nero was against the liberties of Rome. and if any body is to be tried for treason, they are the identical men who ought to be first arraigned. The battle of Mr. Davis and the people of the South was for the constitution and laws of this land, as written by the Fathers and good men of the nation; but the struggle of the present Congressional conspirators at Washington is, and has been for years past, to subvert and destroy the constitution and present form of government .-The day is not distant, perhaps, when these bad men may reach the gallows which they

THE MOON HOAX.

have prepared for good patriots and honest

It will be recollected that we published last week a most remarkable account from "goblin damned," that had been a source of great annoyance to the family of Mr. J. S. | this city on the 3d day of December next. Moon, of Albemarle county. Some of the papers state that a solution of the mystery

It has been definitely ascertained that the "ghost" was a negro with a magic lantern, wished to buy the farm, to frighten the family off it, with the hope he might get it for a

This seems to us to be a very poor solution of an affair which created such a sensation. Did the magic lantern enable the negro to open the doors, smash the windows, and knock out the glass in the side doors? How about the man on the shed scraping matches, and firing a pistol at the sister-in-law of Mr. Moon? The negro must have been magic too, as well as his lantern, or some one of the many shots fired at him by the "from ten to forty men" who so vigilantly guarded the house from night to night, would have arrested his wild career. We would like to have a little more plausible solution, or we shall conclude the Register man was Moon-struck when he penned that remarkable account.

Guilford. Connecticut, on Tuesday night of hard labor in the penitentiary for embezzling last week, at the age of 72 years.

FROM WASHINGTON.

As yet we have nothing very startling from the seat of government. Congress has hardly gotten fairly under way, with its work, and it is not expected that anything exciting will occur until after to-morrow, the time appointed for the consideration of the question of impeachment. It is the general belief that the House will order the impeachment of the President, and throw the responsibility of non-action upon the Senate. The latter body it is thought, will act cautiously, and await a more thorough development of the public opinion of the country.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, under date of December 1st, furnishes the following:

Copies of the President's message were mailed this evening to the Southern and Western cities for publication on Tuesday afternoon next, when the document is to be delivered to Congress. Copies for Northern cities are to be mailed to morrow evening .ence in the number of troops secured in that | The present is about the length of the last

General Hancock's order declaring that the military power should cease to lead and the civil administration resume its natural and rightful dominion, has been the subject of comment here, and meets with the approbation of the administration and conservative men, who assert that it has the ring of the

The radicals do not take serious exception to it, but some of them say the tone indicates an inclination on the part of Gen. Hancock to depart somewhat from the course pursued by Gen. Sheridan, and possibly revise much of the latter's official action.

Parties who are conversant with the views of Senators on the suspension of Mr. Stanton assert that the Senate will reject any nomi nation for Secretary of War intended to supercede the late secretary, and will, by a decided majority, declare Mr. Stanton to be lawfully entitled to hold the office, irrespec-

The decision of the Senate that the No vember session of Congress is but a continuation of the March session is taken by the administration as determining another question. viz: At what time the twenty days commence to run within which the Executive is required to furnish a list of his appointments and suspension of officers under the tenure of office aw? According to the ruling of the Senate on Friday last, the twenty days commence to-morrow, and the President has until the 21st instant within which to send to that body

on elections will to-morrow report that the charges of disloyalty against the Kentucky Congressmen have not been sustained by the evidence taken. It is expected that all the delegation will be admitted to their seats at once, except, probably, the member from the seat is contested by Mr. McKee.

of court-martial suspending General Custer from rank and pay for one year was approved by the President, is erroneous. The matter the following term. Commenting upon this has not yet been formally placed before the Executive. General Grant has, however, approved the sentence in the following language: "The sentence is confirmed and will be exe-

> The reviewing officer in examining the testimony in the case is convinced that the court in awarding so lenient a sentence for the offences of which the accused is found guilty, must have taken into consideration his pre-

> Telegrams from New York, received at the Tribune bureau in this city to day, state that Mr. Greely will announce in his paper to-morrow, that he will not accept the Austrian mission, and that he does not intend to leave the country until after the Presidential election.

HUNNICUTT ARRESTED.

This sweet-scented representative of radical rascality, and unprincipled delegate from the city of Richmond to the black and tan convention which is to assemble to-day, was arrested on Thursday last on a warrant issued by the court of Charles city county, for incendiary language used by him in a speech in that county in September last, and the sub stance of which was published soon after, and

which we in this connection re-produce: "You, the colored people have no proper ty. The white race have houses and lands Some of you are old and feeble, and cannot carry the musket, but can apply the torch to the dwellings of your enemies. There are none too young-the boy of ten and the girl of twelve can also apply the torch."

After his arrest he was released from custody by Lt. Paul R. Hambrick, the military commissioner for the city of Richmond. The sheriff who made the arrest, made the following return on the warrant :-

"By virtue of the within warrant, I arrested James W. Hunnicutt the 27th day of November, 1867, and on the 28th day of the same month, he was discharged from custody by order of Lieut. Paul R. Hambrick, Mil tary Commissioner for the city of Richmond, he, the said Hunnicutt, having entered into a bail-bond before said Lieut. Hambrick in the penalty of \$5,000, with George Rye and John Hawxhurst security thereto, which bailbond is herewith returned. I was requested to state in my return by Lieut. Hambrick that Gen. Schofield disliked to interfere in this matter, but directed him to bail J. W the Scottsville Register, of a ghost, devil or | Hunnicutt, so as to enable said Hunnicutt to attend the Convention which will convene in

"JOHN W. WRIGHT, "Sheriff City Richmond."

-The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.that approves next to nothing what the Republicans do, but still adheres to that party, conwho had been employed by a party, who siders it "certain that the present Congress will take no step backward. In the three years that must elapse before any change can occur, the States will come in under the auspices and control of the negroes. This will drive the white race out and produce a war of races. What the ultimate effect of such a demoralized suffrage is to be, time will disclose. The danger to our form of Government is in that direction. The danger is growing imminent."

> -The Chippewa, Wisconsin, Times, of the 9th, says: "Belille, who came down from his place, 100 miles up the Chippewa, this week, says that on Sunday last the snow was twenty-four inches deep on the ground; at Grand Rapids, fourteen inches deep, and at Flambeau, forty miles up, plenty of snow for logging. At this place, on Sunday, it snowed nearly all day, but melted about as fast as it fell."

- Fitz Greene Halleck, the poet, died in New York a few days since to ten years

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

-Mr. Wade having authorized Forney to | Call and See Us ! contradict the remarks attributed to him in regard to General Grant, the correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, who furnished them; comes back at Old Ben as follows:

"It may interest him a little to be reminded in advance that there was a third party present when that part of the conversation which relates to General Grant took place, and that I shall be entirely willing to refer the quesspeech in the Senate, or in a published letter with 'B. F. Wade' at the end of it. Recollecting something of a controversy about his agrarian speech in Kansas I profited by that example, and prepared for the contingency of -d lie,' in case it should arise. When it does arise I shall do my best to show that if there is a liar in the case it is not the Commercial's correspondent." He adds, that Wade said many other things which he will publish if compelled to do so

by Wade's duplicity. -The New York News relates that an honorable Senator from the rural districts, a paragon of rural virtue, was once approached by the late Mr. Dean Richmond, in regard to a bill to increase the fares on the Central railroad. Mr. Richmond ably and earnestly discussed the point. He alluded to the high prices of iron and labor, and appealed to the member's sentiments of justice. "Sir," said he, "with your vote the bill will pass. Of course to such a man as you I cannot talk

money." "Can't you?" answered the rural

member, "then if you can't, you had better

send somebody to me that can," It may be

unnecessary to add that the member voted for the bill.

- The Alexandria Gazette truthfully says: "The treatment that such men as Butler and Milroy receive at the South, is, at least, a very natural exhibition of the feelings of the people among whom they come. It is not because they were United States officers during the war that they are met with contempt and indignation-for many brave officers, holding the same positions in the same ranks, are treated kindly and respectfully. But it is the remembrance of tyranny, injustice, oppression and- worse, that excites the scorn and detestation of an injured community .-Does any one believe that it is in human nature for the Valley people to regard hereafter, in any other light but one-Sheridan and Hunter? They would not be men if they could show them respect. They think of 'the smoke of the furnace,' and the desolation of their homes, whenever they see or hear their names !"

- The Tribune notices Old Thad's late letter quoting Mr. John Law on the finances, and pays the following back-handed compliment to "the great commoner." Says Greelev: "We only copy this bad old man's exhibition of his own rascality in order to warn middle district, Mr. John D. Young, whose | the champions of Public Faith that we must return to Specie Payment, and that immedi-The published statement that the sentence ately. He who proposes to linger and dally by the way is playing right into the hands of

Forney idolizes Old Thad, but Greeley, who, with all his crotchets, tries to be an honest man, gives a correct delineation of one of the very worst men that has ever lived in this country, Forney hardly excepted.

-The work of Africanizing the Southern States, is going steadily forward. The Alabama Convention has resolved to disfranchise a large portion of the whites, and the black members demand a provision in the organic law to secure for their race both political and social equality with the whites. The Convention of Louisiana met on Saturday, and telegraphic dispatch announces that colored men were elected as temporary chairman and secretary. Forty-four negro and twenty-five white members were present. In Florida and South Carolina but few whites participated in the elections. Returns from eight court houses in South Carolina show 3743 black votes and 11 white. In North Carolina it is estimated that a majority of the votes were cast by whites, but that a decided majority of members elect to the Convention are

Disgraceful.

The following extract from the report of Messrs. Marshall and Eldridge of the Impeachment Committee, makes one of the most disgraceful chapters in American history .-Those gentlemen say:

"We cannot doubt that the evidence herewith this day submitted will be received with one universal burst of indignation by the American people. If they retain any just pride in their country and its institutions, they will blush to find that the chief officer of their government has for ten months been subjected to the scrutiny of a secret star chamber inquisition, unparalleled in its character in the annals of civilization. A drag net has been put out to catch every malicious whisper throughout the land, and all the vile vermin who had gossip or slander to retail, hearsay or otherwise, have been permitted to appear and place it upon record for the delectation of mankind. Spies have been sent all over the land to find something that might blacken the name and character of the Chief Magistrate of our country. Unwhipped knaves have given information of fabulous letters and documents, that like the ianis fatuus, eternally eluded the grasp of their pursucrs, and the chase ever resulted only in the aiding of the depletion of the public Treasury. That most notorious character, Gen. L. C. Baker, 'chief of the detective force,' even had the effrontery to insult the American people by placing his spies within the very walls of the Executive Mansion; the privacy of the President's home, his private life and habits and most secret thoughts have not been deemed sacred or exempt from invasion; the members of his household have been examined, and the chief prosecutor has not hesitated to dive into the loathsome dungeons
and consort with convicted felons for the pur
association. Because, in seven years he will have paid at \$150 per year \$1050 in rent.—

The \$1,000 obtained from the association and 155 acres of land, belonging to the Estate of pose of accomplishing the object of arraigning the President on a charge of infamous crimes.

"When we consider all these facts, and that the investigation has been a secret ex parte one, that it has been so persistent and untiring, and carried on at a time of most unparalleled party excitement; when the masses of the dominant party were lashed into a wild frenzy, and led to believe that the President was guilty of treason; when thousands all over the land really thought that it would be a righteous act to get him out of the way by any means, fair or foul, and when he has been hunted down by partisan malice as no man was ever hunted and hounded down before, it is really wonderful that so little has been elicited, that tends in the slightest degree to tarnish the fair fame of the Presi-

South Carolina.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

We have intimated under our editorial head that it may be necessary for us to resort again to the red mark, to remind our subscribers that their accounts are not square with this office. We don't want to do this, if it be possible to avoid it, but the season of the year is now at hand when we need money .-PORK and WOOD are to be bought, and tion of veracity to that disinterested arbiter, other things are needed to keep us comfortawhen it shall arise in proper form, either in a | ble, and our paper bill has to be met. For the convenience of all concerned, we will state that the following gentleman will receipt for us for any monies paid on account of the Spirit of Jefferson :-

At Rippon .- M. B. FRYER. " Summit Point .- JOHN J. HILLEARY. " Kabletown .- A. NUNNAMAKER.

" Harper's Ferry .- ADAM BROWN.

" Shepherdstown - D. S. RENTCH, or GEO. D. MCGLINCEY. " Lectown .- JONAH TRUSSELL. " Martinsburg.-E. G. ALBURTIS. " Darkesville .- THORNT. F. CHAPMAN

" Middleway .- JOEL W. ROBERTS. " Duffields .- JACOB S. MELVIN. " Halltown .- B. F. ENGLE. " Berryville .- GEO. E. S. PHILLIPS. We hope by making it thus convenient,

and that by the latter part of this week the gentlemen named will have a good report to This town and neighborhood we will attend to ourselves, and we ask our friends to call

and see us.

hat our subscribers will respond to this call.

State Convention.

The Democratic and Conservative voters of West Virginia, together with all others who are willing to unite with them for the overthrow of Radicalism in our State and nation, are requested to meet in their respective counties, or townships, at as early a day as may be expedient, and select delegates to represent their counties in STATE CON-VENTION, to be held in Wheeling on WED-NESDAY, January 8th, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. It is recommended that two delegates, and as many alternates, be chosen from

each township. Your committee call this Convention in view of the existing necessity for a prompt and thorough organization of all the elements of opposition to radicalism in our midst .-The glorious results of the late elections in other States, and the evident decline of the Radical cause in West Virginia, assure us that by proper effort, we may rescue our Ssate from the grasp of her unscrupulous rulers, and restore to our people the blesiings of just and economical government. We deem it best to begin the work at once. It you will give us your active and united aid, we cannot doubt of final success.

DANIEL LAMB, Chm'n. M. REILLY, A. WILSON, A. J. SWEENY, GEO. R. TINGLE, State Executive Committee.

Building Associations.

It has been suggested to me that having stated the general theory of these associations, a few figures in illustration of their operations might aid those who are desirous of nore fully comprehending them.

The association which has recently been organized in this place, having adopted what s termed the premium plan; that is, as has peretofore been explained, redeeming the shares for the lowest amount the shareholders, competing for the funds, are willing to take for them, I will confine myself exclusive-

ly to an explanation of that mode. Let the fact be borne in mind that the funds of the association are intended to be used in paying to the shareholders the amount of the par value of their shares, which (when it is desired) are taken up or redeemed in advance at the lowest rate offered.

It is known that the shares of "The Jefferson County Building Association" are \$260 each. Suppose, then, a holder of five of these shares, which at par are worth \$1,300 wishes to have them redeemed. He offers them for \$200 each, or for \$1,000 in all .-Should there be no other shareholder willing o have his shares redeemed at a lower rate the association would, of course, accept this proposition. The discount in this case, or, as it is termed, premium, would be sixty dol-

lars per share. Now let us see what it will cost to pay off this advance of \$1,000 on the terms prescribed by the association.

5 shares of \$260 each at a discount or pre nium of \$60 per share, would be worth \$1,000. Interest on same for 7 years (at the end

of which time it is estimated the association will be able to redeem in full its stock) will be.... \$420 Add to this the amount paid in on 5 shares for 7 years, or..... \$910

And you will have the snm of \$1,330 as the full amount paid for the use of \$1,000 for 7 years. Now let us compare this result with the

east of the loan of \$1,000 for 7 years at simple interest : Interest on \$1,000 at 6 per cent., for

7 years \$420 And you have the sum of\$1,420 or \$90 more than is paid on the as-

sociation plan! The benefits derived are as follows:-With the \$1,000 advanced by the association, the shareholder will be enabled to obtain house of his own equal in value to one for which, if he be a renter, he will pay \$150 per annum; and he will save almost enough in rent to pay back the advance made by the with which he will build his house, will cost | Wm. Grove, deceased, for \$66,25 per acrehim as we have seen above, \$1330 or only Purchaser, P. H. Strode. \$280 more than his rent. So that by using the advantages of this association he may build himself a house, secure himself a home at once with the \$1000 thus furnished him, and pay for it with the addition of \$280 to the rent he will pay in seven years. Or in other words with what he saves in the way of rent and \$280 dollars, he can build himself a home, pay for it, and thereafter be free

from rent. An examination of these calculations is invited. If they contain errors I would be glad to have them pointed out. If they are correct, they speak for themselves and will be a more satisfactory elucidation of the subject than any other that I could give. Very respectfully submitted, WM. H. TRAVERS.

— A Charleston dispatch says that the impression" prevails there that owing to a hundred and thirty-four farms in Bedford

CIRCUIT COURT .- The second fall term of the transplanted judiciary for this county. will commence its session, no preventing Providence, on Monday of next week, the 9th day of December. We present below a list of those whose names have been drawn for jurors during the term. In this list there are not a few of the old stereotypes which have furnished jury material since this county became a part of West Virginia. There are some new names however, and we hope there will be found among them a sufficient amount of honesty to secure just decisions upon the cases that may come before them: Grand Jury—Emanuel Spangler, Edmund H. Chambers, John T. Henkle, Jacob Merritt, John F. Smith, Jno. Reed, Sr., Rudolph Row, Ehud Turner, Joseph Welshans, J. V. Underdonk, John Boroff, John Stevens, Washington Moler, Philip Engle, Sr., Anthony Turner, Warren W. Burton, Geo. W. Anderson, W. G. Butler, John E. Schley, David Avis, Samuel Harrison, John Smurr, David Billmyer, Wm. Lemen, Sn., James W. Greenwood, Martin II. Miller.

Fetit Jury-C. C. Krepps, J. J. Kern, Joseph S. Staley, Rawleigh Bowers, James M. Andrews, Thomas M. Shaull, David Johnson, E. C. Engle, John H. Allstadt, D. S. Noble, Jacob Show, C. J. Brown, John. Blake, B. F. Harrison, George A. Molen, John H. Cookus, D. K. Osborn, Dangerfield Lloyd, Walter King, Thomas E. Woodward, John J. Stevens, Joseph Goldsmith, Charles Langdon, Washington Spangler, Martin Ott, M. Rosenberg, John Miller, W. S. Winters, Jas Lloyd, T. A. Byers, John H. Baylis, John J. Ramsburg, Henry St. John Shepherd, Mathew Quinn, Henry F. Cameron, W. L. Herrington.

MECHANICAL INGENUITY .- It affords us much pleasure to give place to the following. complimentary notice of one of our young mechanics from Harper's Ferry, the son of A.-M. Kitzmiller, Esq., so well-known to our people. It is copied from the Spartansburg (S. C.) paper and will be read with satisfaction by the numerous friends of young Kitz .: Mechanical Triumph .- In all ages the artsand sciences have attracted the attention of the world. The improvements in every branch of industry have been hailed as auxilliary to the advancement of civilization .-By them, physical comforts have been increased and the social state elevated and refined. The amenities and pleasures of lifedepend, in an eminent degree, upon the advance of mechanism and the perfections of skill. Hence the painting that breathes and awakened the thoughts of poets and have inspired their melodious verses. Hence the triumphs of mechanism have commanded the earnest attentions of individuals as well as governments. Hence every skillful and determined artist, every one who manifests his endowments in achievements of genius over matter, should be greeted as benefactors and encouraged by those communities in which they may reside. To these reflections we are led by an examination of a performance by Mr. Arch Kitzmiller and Mr. Alex. Smythe, of our town, in mechanies that are worthy of record. The facts are these: The lock of the burglar safe, of Messrs. Foster & Judd. was so broken as to be useless. They applied to these gentlemen who jointly undertook itsrepairs. The lock was certainly one of the most intricate pieces of mechanism we have ever scen; but wonderful to say, these gentlemen manufactured such parts of the lock as had been broken, and made a new key .-We are assured that the whole is now in perfect order. Can such a triumph of mechanical skill be paralleled in the upcountry, or even in many cities, where the facilities for the execution of such work are so limited.

To get into the safe was a herculean task, we should judge, constructed as they are .-But the mechanical skill of these gentlemen accomplished that object. We therefore recommend them as competent for any work. Mr. Kitzmiller was employed at Harger's Ferry for a great length of time, and is now located in our town, prepared to do any kind of work as gunsmith, or in his varied and extensive line of business. Encourage him. A FRIEND.

A NEW GATE. - We have been shown by Mr. H. W. CRITTENDEN, the model of animproved gate, for which he is the agent for this county. Without pretending to be a judge in such matters, we can but express the opinion that this gate will be found a great convenience and economy on the farms of this county. A description of it we deem unnecessary, as the model may be seen at the Hardware Store of D. Humphreys & Co .-Mr. C. says that the cost of the irons for this gate will not exceed twenty-five cents, and that any person can get-out the stuff and put the gate together. He is selling farm rights at the following rates: For 200 acres, \$2.00-500 aeres, \$4.00; 1,000 aeres, \$5.00. We advise our farmers to examine the model and judge for themselves.

PROPERTY SALES .- The Register of last week reports the following sales in the Northern section of the county :-

G. D. McClincy, Auctioneer, sold on Satarday last, the 23rd instant, for Joseph A. Chapline, Special Commissioner, about 15 acres of land, with the Merchant Mill, Dwelling, &c., thereon, the property of John Crider' near dam No. 4, for \$3.010. Purchaser, Samuel Boyer, of Washington county, Md. Sold on the same day, by the same Auction-ecr, for Wm. G. Butler, Commissioner, the

Butler, in a tract of 256 acres of land, said reversion being a moiety thereof, for \$1.805. Purchaser, C. T. Butler. Also sold on the same day by the same

reversionary interest of the late Dr. V. M.

- Mrs. Howell, the mother-in-law of Jeff. Davis, died at Montreal recently. She had been failing for many days. The deceased lady was a native of Georgia, and about sixtyfive years of age. She married a son of Gen. Howell, of N. Jersey, of revolutionary fame,

by whom she had several children, one of whom, Varina, is the wife of Mr. Davis. - A sheep killing match for \$2,000 a side came off at Communipaw, New Jersey, on Monday; two young butchers killing and dressing one hundred and twenty-five sheep

in four hours and thirty-three minutes, beating their opponents by "two sheep."

— The Georgia journals are urging upon the people the necessity of organizing for the purpose of defeating the new Constitution to be framed by the Convention.

-It is stated that at Oakland, Allegany lack of the requisite majority of registered county will be sold in a short time by the U.S. Infernal Revenue officers for arrears of county, Md., last week, there were seven inches of snow on the ground.

GOLD.-1381. FLOUR .- Continues dull. We quote :-Super 8.25 to \$10.00, Extra 10.00-to \$11.00, Family 12.00 to \$13.00. Rye Flour, 7.50a \$8.00. Corn Meal, \$6.25. Buckwheat, No. 1 per 100 lbs, 4.25a\$5.00.

GRAIN .- Wheat -- White \$2.45, for fair; Red 2.25 to \$2.50, according to quality .-Corn-mrrket in ctive; white, old \$1.30. new 1.10a\$1.20; new yellow \$1.05. Oats, 70a72 cents. Rye, 1.45a\$1.50. Hogs .- 91 cents per pound.

- Reverdy Johnson, U. S. Senator of Maryland, has published a series of pamphlets on the "Dangerous Condition of the Country, the Causes which have led to it, and the Duty of the People." In the second, among other matters conclusively disposed of, are the new-fangled ideas as to the power of regulate the elective franchise, &c. The third is an argument to prove that the President cannot be impeached, except for "treason and bribery," and that there is no legal power in Congress to suspend the Executive from the functions of his office pending trial. These papers are marked with the legal acumen and conclusive reasoning for which the author is distinguished.

- Hon. David Davis, administrator of the estate of the late Abraham Lincoln, made a final settlement of the estate at Springfield, Illinois, last Thursday. After paying all the debts there remained \$110,294 62, which divided among the widow and heirs, gives \$36,765 30 to Mrs. Lincoln, and the same to

- The trial of Jeter Phillips, at Richmond, charged with the murder of his wife, has been concluded, the jury failing to agree upon a verdict, and were discharged. The case will be tried again in April next.

- The U. S. Army, according to official reports, numbered on the 30th October, about 36,500 men. There were 34,000 recruits NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. within the preceding year and upwards of 13,000 desertions.

- Thad Stevens has under consideration the advisability of dividing the State of Texas into two or more States, and has announced his intention of introducing a bill for that purpose during the present session.

- Hagerstown has now direct rail-road connection with Baltimore. The laying of the rails on the Washington county road was completed last week, and on Monday the trains cammenced to run regularly over it.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dreadful disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No 165 South Second Street. Williamsburgh, New York. May 14, 1867-1y.

INFORMATION. Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
New Yor

May 14, 1867-1y. 823 Broadway, New York. ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Gentleman who suffered for years from Nerv ous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the re cipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by ad-JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street, N. York. May 14, 1867-19.

TOVES.

HAVE as cheap as the market outside of Balti-more or Wheeling will allow, a very large and complete assortment of COOK AND HEATING STOVES,

with the appurtenances complete for each. The stock consists in part of Nos. 7, 8 and 9-Ranger Cook Stove; 7,8 and 9-Diamond Rock do.; 7,8 and 9-Crescent do;

7. 8 and 9-Brilliant 7,8 and 9-Defiance 3 and 4—Comet, Heating do.;
3 and 4—Equator do,
The castings of these stoves are heavy, and will vill be satisfied with the prices, as well as the stoves,

last a long time without any repair. Call and exof which I have a large number, particularly of the Ranger Stoves. This pattern being highly approved, I have purchased thirty of them.

JAMES McGRAW. Harper's Ferry, October 1, 1867.

TAX NOTICE.

THE tax-payers of Averill Township are hereby I notified that I will meet them at the Store of John W. Grantham, in Middleway, on Thursday of each week, for the purpose of receiving the Taxes now due far 1867 Five per cent will be charged on all taxes unpaid after the 31st of December, 1867.

I will also be at the office of John Koonce, in Harper's Ferry Township, on Saturday of each week, for the same purpose.

GEO. KOONCE, D.S.

Nov. 26. 1867—3m.*

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!! TUST received from Baltimore, and will be sold

at reduced prices, O. G GERMANTOWN. from \$300 to \$350; TURNOVER SEAT ROCKA WAYS, trimmed with LEATHER, from \$200 to \$250; BEST LEATHER 10P BUGGIES, with Cloth

HEAD LINING, \$225. Several Second Hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES and ROCKAWAYS, at very low prices.
W. J. HAWKS,

Nov. 26, 1867-3m. [Clarke Journal copy.]

ESTRAY. WE have viewed on the farm of Mr. John Humphreys, an Estray—A RED STEER, with a white face, has an underbit in the left ear, with a slight crop or slit on the right. Supposed to be one year and eight months old—worth \$20.

WILLIAM C. RAMEY,

GEO. ZIMMERMAN. November 16, 1867. The above STRAY STEER came to my farm or the 21st of October last. The owner or owners will call, prove their property, pay charges and take him away. JOHN HUMPHREYS.

November 26, 1867.—3t. NYMPH OF THE JAMES. NEW and excellent brand of Smoking Tolac-A co, just received and for sale by November 5, 1867. M. S. BROWN.

SAUSAGE CUTTERS & STUFFERS. GILL'S Patent Sausage Cutters, Perry's Cham pion Sausage Cutters, Hale's Standard Sausage Cutters, Perry's Patent Sausage Stuffers, for sale by Nov. 5, 1867. RANSON & DUKE.

SHOVEL, Fork and Axe Handles, Galvanized Iron Coal Hods, all kinds of Sausage Grinders and Stuffers, for sale by RANSON & DUKE.

HANDSOME FRENCH CHINA SETTS. Plain White " " "

general assortment of Queens & Glasson, Wilcox & Gibbs' Family Sewing Machines, W. EBY. November 26, 1867. RESH Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES now re

C cciving, with a general assortment of goods in my line, which will be sold at lowest cash rates. Nov. 26, 1867.

W. EBY. HAMPER BASKETS, Axes and Helves, Manure and Hay Forks, Grain and Long Handled Shovels for sale by W. EBY. MEAT CUTTERS. Sausage Stuffers, and Butcher Knives for sale by W. EBY.

UST received and on hand
Old Port Wine, Old Madeira Wine, Old Sherry
Wine, Old Brandy, Old Holland Gin, Old Jamaica
pirits, Old Whiskey.
W. EBY.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, November 28th, in Charlestown, by Rev. A. C. Hopkins, Mr. CHARLES E. REDFORD, to Miss HELEN V. TAYLOR—all of this

In the Presbyterian Church at Shepherdstown, on Tuesday, 26th inst., by Rev. W. G. Coe, Capt. M. S. BROWN to Miss ANNIE E. GALLAHER, eldest daughter of Mr. John W. Gallaher, of this town. On Wednesday evening, 27th inst., in Charlestow, by Rev. A. C. Hopkins, Mr. JOHNN. WHIT-JINGTON to Miss CELESTINE GALLAHER, youngest daughter of Mr. John W. Gallaher-all

On the 26th of November, 1867, at the Church of the Holy Cross, in Columbus, Ohio, by the Rev. J. B. Hemsteger, Pastor, Mr. JOHN L. SCHILLING to Mrs. KATE M. NICHOLSON, both of Harper's Ferry, West Va.

At the Methodist Parsonage in this place, o Wednesday, 27th inst, by Rev. J. W. Tongue, Mr. WILLIAM PAINTER to Miss MARY J. GRIF-FITH, all of this county.

In the Presbyterian Church in Moorefield, on Tuesday morning, 19th inst., by the Rev. George White, Mr WILLIAM WIRT HARNESS to Miss MARY, daughter of Mr. Hanson G. Maslin of Hardy county, formerly of Jefferson county. Congress over the State Constitutions—to by Rev. J. A. McFaden, Mr. WILLIAM E. HAN regulate the elective franchise, &c. The Clarke county, Va.

At the same place, November 17th, by the same, Mr. JOHN MILLS, formerly of England, and Mrs. CATHARINE WATERS, of this county. At the same place, November 21st, by the same, Mr. LEWIS J. MORELAND. of this county, and Miss SALLIE B. O'FERRELL, of Clarke county. At the same place, November 25th; by the same, Mr. JAMES A. BARTON, of Alabama, and Miss ELIZABETH BROWN, of Page county, Va. At the same place, November 26th, by the same, Mr. JOHN W. RUSSELL, and Miss MARTHA A. LUPTON -- both of Clarke county, Va. . At the same place, November 27th, by the same

Mr. J. W WILLINGHAM, of this county, and Miss FLORIDA J. HARRIS, of Loudoun county. In Shepherdstown, on Tuesday morning last, at the residence of Mr. Wm. M. Marmaduke, by Rev. W. G. Coe, Mr. OSBOURN JONES, of Clarke county, to Miss MARY J. WALKER, of this county. On the 19th inst., at Harper's Hotel, in Sharps-burg, by Rev. J. W. Buckly, Mr. JOSIAH SHOW to Miss ANNA FREEZE, both of Shepherdstown

DIED.

In Atlanta, Ga., on the 3d inst., Mr. CHARLES HOGAN, formerly of this town, but more recently of Norfolk, Va

[GEO. L. IGLEHART.] DUVALL & IGLEHART. Commis'n Merchants

AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO, GRAIN, Flour and Produce Generally, ALSO DEALERS IN

FERTILIZERS, GUANO, SEEDS, &c. No. 60 South Street, BALTIMORE. December 3, 1867-6m. LAND AGENCY.

town, on the W & P. R R., Daniel B. Lucas, Esq., who will attend to the sale of all lands entrusted to him in that end of the courty. To purchasers of such lands as he may advertise, he will afford facilities and conveyance to look at the same, and give them an opportunity to consult well known judges of lands lying in the caunty.

December 3, 1867.

S. HOWELL BROWN.

PUBLIC SALE. THE undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on the I farm of Mr. John R. Flagg, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th DECEMBER. if fair, if not the next fair day, the following Personal Property, to-wit:

Two Superior Mares -- one of them first-rate for Single Harness, theother in foal by a fine horse, both of them good working animals; Three Cows and Two Heifers; Fifteen head Stock Hogs: FARMING IMPLEMENTS: One Wagon Bed, one Witherow Plough;

1 con Coverer, 2 Cultivators,
1 Corn Harrow, 1 Square Harrow,
A lot of Harrow Teeth; 1 Horse-Cart and Gearing, 1 Wheat Fan, Baker's make; 1 Wheelbarrow; 1 Trough; 2 pair of Splices, 3 pair of Spreaders; 1 Fifth Chain, 1 Log Chain; 2 Grindstones—one an excellent stone for edge

tools, I Anvil, I Vise, I Crowbar;
I Digging Iron, I Hominy Mortar, 3 Picks,
Mattocks—one for digging post holes,
I Shaving Horse, I Work Bench, I Sadler's Buck
Riding Saddle, 10 Stands of Bees, Ring Maul and Wedges, Forks, Rakes, Spaces, Shovels, Hoes, 1 good Straw Fork; Grain Cradles and Mowing Scythes; A large lot of Old Iron, I Monkey Wrench; A very good lot of Carpenter's Tools; 1 lot of Walnut Gate Stuff-seasoned;

700 feet of inch Pine Plank-seasoned; A lot of Cotton Bags for Grain ; Household and Kitchen Furniture. Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding; 25 yards 6 4 Matting, in good order; A lot of 4-4 Matting, I Bureau,

2 Walnut T. bles, Was. stands, 3 Rocking Chairs, 1 dozen Chairs; 2 eight-day Clocks; 1 Refrigerator, 1 Shower Bath, I new Map of the United States: Andirons, Shovels and Tongs;

arge Wash Kettle, a large lot of Stone Jars, Pans, Pots, Ovens, Kettles, &c., 10 Lard Cans-fifty pounds each; 2 Bell-Metal Preserving Kettles, 1 Porcelain Kettle-large size; 1 Preserving Furnace, 2 Parlor Stoves, 2 Air-Tight do., 1 Cook do., 1 Ten Plate do. 2 large Pine Tables, and other articles not ne

cessary to mention. TERMS OF SALE. A credit of 6 months will be given on all sums of \$10 and upwards—under that amount the cash will be required. No property to be removed until terms are complied with. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

JOHN J. HAMMOND. December 3, 1867—F. P. GROCERIES AT THE OLD STAND,

MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN. THE undersigned respectfully announces that he is now Prepared to sell at the very lowest cash prices, a great variety of

FRESH GROCERIES. CONSISTING OF SUGAR, COFEEE, TEA, FISH, MO-LASSES, SPICES, SALT, COAL OIL, CRACKERS, CHEESE,

CANNED FRUIT, TO-BACCO, SEGARS. PICKLES, &c.

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE and all other articles kept in a first class Grocery Store.

I would respectfully solicit a share of the public December 3, 1867.

BUY THE BEST!

DOUBLE AND SINGLE SPOUT DELAWARE CORN SHELLER, December 3, 1867-3t.

RANSON & DUKE.

GALE'S Copper Strip Fodder, Straw and Hay Cutter's, greatly superior to the Hide Roller Cutters, for sale by RANSON & DUKE. SLEIGH BASKETS, SLEIGH RUNNERS, RANSON & DUKE. Lamps.—Coal Oil Lamps—a handsome as-

PUBLIC SALES.

PUBLIC SALE. THE undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at his residence on "Vinton" Farm, one and a half miles South of Charlestewn, on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4th, 1867,

THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY: Three valuable Work Horses,

Three valuable Work Horses,
One good Brood Mare,
One valuable three year old Colt—Gelding;
Two fine young Mares—one 3 next Spring, and
the other 2½ years old;
One yearling Colt—very fine;
Five head Milch Cows,
Eight head fine Stock Cattle, Four Fat Steers, ten Fat Hogs; Eighteen head Stock Hogs, Fifteen head valuable Sheep. FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

One good Farm Wagon, with shelvings, One Gum-Spring Wheat Drill, One Corn Crusher—Little Giant; One Corn Crusher—Little Giant;
Wagon and Plough Gears,
Barshear, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs,
Thrible, Double and Single-Trees,
Two Corn Coverers, one Square Harrows;
One large Straw and Fodder Cutter,
One Buggy Hay Rake,
Mattocks, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Rakes, &c.,
A large lot of Old Iron,
A lot of good tight Iron Bound Barrels,
Eight Stands BEES—Patent Hives;
A lat Bayes, a lot of Bayes,

Household and Kitchen Furniture, and many other articles too tedious to mention The Fat Cattle and Hogs, CASH-can be bought

A lot of Boxes, a lot of Bags.

any time between now and the day of sale. All sums of \$10 and under, Cash. A credit of Ten Months, with interest from date, will be given on all sums over the above amount, the purchaser giving body and continue to the sum of the s ing bond and approved security. Interest will be remitted if paid within ten days after maturity.— No property to be removed until the terms are com-plied with. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

October 29, 1867. [Free Press.]

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONALTY. N pursuance of the provisions of a Deed of Trust which was recorded in the Recorder's Office of Jefferson county, dated on the 25th day of August, 1865, executed by Daniel Moler to me as Trustee, to secure a debt due to John Moler, I will sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, ON THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1867. at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the residence of said Dan'l Moler, near Harper's Ferry, in Jefferson county,

PERSONAL PROPERTY: Four Work Horses, Four Fine Cows-1 fresh with Calf; 1 Yearling. 1 Carriage, 2 Wagons, 1 Cart; 1 Wheat Drill, 1 Wheat Fan;

2 Barshear Ploughs, 3 Double and 2 Single Shovel Ploughs; 2 Harrows, and other farming implements. ALSO-HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE, including Beds, Bedsteads, 4 Tables, 4 Bureaus, Chairs, Sideboard, Sick Chair, and various other articles too tedious to mention.

TERMS OF SALE,—A c edit of twelve months on all sums above \$10, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Under \$10, Cash. No property to be removed till terms of sale are com-Sale to take place at 10 o'clock.

November 26, 1867. N. S. WHITE, Trustee. N. B. I concur in the foregoing sale, and invite the public to attend and purchase.

DANIEL MOLER, Sr.

At the same time and place, I will sell, on same terms, a valuable Mare and Colt, and for Cash, 9
Fat Hogs.

DANIEL MOLER, Jr.

R. M. MILLER. [W. ROCKENBAUGH]

NEW STORE AT HALLTOWN, VA. E would most respectfully announce to our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Baltimore with an entirely new and complete stock of MERCHANDISE, embracing everything usually found in a country DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-

WARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c. Fortunately, we happened to be in market just as a heavy decline took place in all kinds of GOODS, and we purchased our stock entirely for CASH, and have it in our power to sell as CHEAP as the very CHEAPEST. We would acvise our friends to give us a call hefore making their purchases. No trouble to COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for GOODS. MILLER & ROCKENBAUGH.

Halltown, November 26, 1867-3m. REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership for the purpose of transacting all kinds of business pertaining to the buying and selling of REAL ESTATE. THE ADVANTAGES

which we possess are not surpassed by any Agency in West Virginia, one of the firm being in Penn-sylvania, advertising and soliciting for this office. We therefore invite the owners of REAL ESTATE. MILL PROPERTIES.

HOUSES, LOTS, &c. for sale, to call at our office in CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA, and let us have a correct description of your property, that we may make quick sales.

We ask all those who are interested in the improvement of this country, to give us their assistance, encourage us in our efforts to introduce men of capital and enterprise, by giving us your lands to advertise * * CALL OR ADDRESS, RICHARDSON & WALTON. CHARLESTOWN, W. VA.

REFERENCES: L. A. Luce, R. E. Agent, Martinsburg, W. Va B. J. SMITH & Co., do., Newtown, Penn., BLAKER, WILLARD & Co., Newtown, Pa. * **OFFICE--Formerly occupied by Samuel Ridehour, Esq November 19, 1867-3m.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! AT ELK BRANCH AND UNIONVILLE.

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with his second supply of WINTER GOODS, and I take pleasure in stating that I can now present to the public the largest and most complete stock of goods that it has ever been my privilege to offer. I request special attention to my stock of WOOLLEN GOODS. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS

FOR LADIES-

A nice line of Breakfast Shawls, Children's Sacks, Sontags, Nubias, Hoods, Twilights, &c. Balmoral Skirts, Boulwards embroidered—all PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS, Flannels Muslins and Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes, Queensware, Hardware, Groceries, &c. —all of which will be sold at short profits—giving

customers the benefit of recent declines. The public is requested to call and examine my stock, feeling satisfied I can please bothm price and quality The stock at both stores is replenished.

PORTER'S FACTORY GOODS kept on hand. Respectfully, November 26, 1867.

LAMPS AND LAMP GOODS. HANDSOME Parlor, Stand and Hand Lamps of every variety. Kerosene Lanterns, Metal Top and Glass Chimneys; Extra Tops and Globes; Fancy Shades, and the best No. 8 Kerosene Oil—just received at the Drug Store of
Nov. 26. AISQUITH & BRO.

SEASONABLE GOODS! A LWAYS anxious to supply our customers with every article needed in the changing scasons, we are daily making additions to our large and general assortment heretoforeon hand. In the line of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, our assortment is so large and complete, and offered on such reasonable terms, that none can fail to be suited.— Of GROCERIES, we have every needed article.— Plain Linseys, Flannels, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Calicoes, Wool and Cotton Hose for Ladies Gloves, do., and Gentlemen's Socks, Buckskin Gloves, and a large variety of NOTIONS generally. Knit (very best) Flannel Shirts and Drawers, cheaper than they can be had in the county.

Also, a nice line of Breakfast Shawls, Children's Sacks, Sontags, Nubias, Hoods, Twilights, &c.,—Balmoral Skirts, Boulwards embroidered—all wool —seamless, with so many other needed articles as this period of the year requires that an enumera-tion is impossible. Call and examine before purhasing elsewhere. November 26, 1867. TRUSSELL & CO.

CHOW-CHOW, Worcestershire Sauce, Sardines Spiced Oysters, Preston's Chocolate, and Sweet Potatoes for sale by W. EBY. SAGE, for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON.

CEYENNE and BLACK PEPPER, for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON. CORIANDER SEED, for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON. REAL ESTATE.

POSTPONED TRUSTEE'S SALE. BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned on the 19th day of January, 1859, by Samuel Ottand wite, to secure a Bond for \$450, to

859, will be sold on the 7th day of DECEMBER, 1867, before the Store of Albert Jones, at Rippon, Jefferson county, West Va., the VALUABLE LO7 of 72 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND, on which is a comfortable TWO SRORY

Daniel Heflebower, with interest from January 1,

Frame Dwelling. in good repair, with other convenient Improvements, at present occupied by the family of said Ott, in the village of Rippon, in said county. This is desirable property, pleas-antly situated, and the attention of buyers is particularly called to it.
TERMS OF SALE.—A third in hand, the residue in one and two equal payments, in one and two years, with interest from the day of sale, and satisfactorily secured.

My Sale to take place at 12 o'clock M., on the 30th day of November, 1867. Possession given at R. H. LEE, Trustee.

November 5, 1867-tds. Valuable Farm. Jefferson County, FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, his val-uable Farm near Kearneysville, Jefferson county, West Virginia, containing 273 Acres.

more or less. The land is the finest quality of Limestone, and unsurpassed in fertility and productiveness by any land in Jefferson county.

About eighty acres of the tract are in FINE TIMBER, with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad running through it, affording facilities for putting the wood and lumber into market with but little reality or average of hauling. One of the but little trouble or expense of hauling. One of the best business Depots along the line of the B. & O. R. R. is within two hundred yards of the farm.

An extended description of the farm and its improvements is deemed unnecessary, as persons dering to purchase will view the premises before

loing so.

By For information in regard to terms, &c., address

A. S. DANDRIDGE,

Kearneysville, Jefferson county, W. Va.



THE MOST RELIABLE CUSHION used in Billiard Tables is the

CAT-GUT CUSHION,

Manufactured by KAVANAGH & DECKER,
and Patented Dec. 18, 1866. (See Scientifio
American; Vol. 16, No. 11.)

It is the ONLY Cushion that possesses all the
qualities essential to a PERFECT Cushion.
It is the most elastic and most durable Cushion
ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is
abundantly proven by the great demand for it
since its introduction. The peculiarity which
distinguishes the CAT-GUT Cushion and renders it superior to all others, is the tightened
cord of cat-gut which overlies the tace and edge
of the rubber and running the full length of the

of the rabber and running the full length of the Cashion which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the table. The addition of the cat-gut cord also adds much to the elasticity of the Cashion.

The CAT-GUT Cushion has already been applied to over 1,000 tables which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make for \$75 per set. make for \$75 per set.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S Factory, at the KAVANAGH & DECKER'S Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal Streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly stilled. Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues, and Trimmings,

all of the best make, constantly on hand.

KAVANAGH & DECKER are the only agents in this country for KAY'S CUE CE-MENT, adjudged by competent authorities to be the best cement ever used.

FULL SIZE TABLES CUT DOWN FOR \$100. Send for Illustrated Price List. KAVANAGH & DECKER, Corner of Centre & Canal Sts., New York Uity. And 601 & 603 Fourth St., cor. Washington

Avenue. ST. LOUIS, Mo. P. & Co., November 19, 1867.

HENRY, MOORE & GENUNG, Manufacturers and Jobbers of CLOTHING.

No. 522 BROADWAY.

Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New York.

PHILIP HENRY, Jn., formerly of Henrys, Smith & Townsend.

JOHN T. HENRY, formerly of Sausbury & Henry.

ALEX. T. MOORE, | formerly with Henrys, Smith & ISAAQ P. GENUNG. | Townsend. We have ready a large, handsome and well READY-MADE CLOTHING, manufactured by us exclusively for THE SOUTHERN TRADE, which we are prepared to sell at Low PRICES and on LIBERAL TERMS.

Our Stock is adapted in material, style, lengths, and sizes, exclusively to the South, and comprises goods from the LOWEST PRICED to the FIXEST MADE, including a large assortment of goods for

FREEDMEN'S WEAR. The recent decline in woolen and cotton fabrics will enable us to offer CLOTHING at MUCH LOWER PRICES than it has been sold for at any time since 1860.

CASH AND CLOSE BUYERS FROM THE SOUTH are invited to examine our stock before purchasing, as we believe we can offer them great inducements. We will be happy to receive OKDERS, and our long experience in the Southern business enables us to make selections which will be certain to give entire satisfaction. Descriptive Catalogues with prices sent by mail if desired.

HENRY, MOORE & GENUNG,

NEW YORK July, 1867.

522 Broadway.

November 19, 1867. ELLIPTIC Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines.

THEIR PRE-EMINENT SUPERIORITY VISIDICA-TED BY THE DECISIO. 8 OF THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES. Gold Medal, Fair Maryland
Institute, 1866.
All the highest premiums at the Maryland Institute, New York and Pennsylvavia State Fairs in 1866, given on Sewing Machines, except one given for heavy leather work at the New York Fair, after a severe and impartial test, WERE AWARDED TO THE ELLIPTIC MACHINE, namely: as

AWARDED TO THE ELLHTIC MACHINE, namely: as

"Best Family Sewing-Machine," and for the "Best Samples of Sewing-Machine Work."

Machines (which are warranted for two years) forwarded to any part of the world, with printed instructions (which will enable any one to opef ate them without the slightest difficulty) for use, on receipt of the price in current funds or by draft; or they may be sent, payment to be collected on delivery, on receipt of satisfactory assurance that it will then be made: and all orders from a distance will be faithfully filled as if a personal visit and selection had been made, Agents wanted. For circulars, with samples of work,

ELLIPTIC S. M. CO. D. S. COVERT, Gen. Sup't. P. & CO. November 19, 1867.

SITUATION WANTED.

BY a young lady from Port Royal, Va., as teacher in a private family. Recommendations given if necessary. Address M. B. G., Port Royal, Caroline county, Va., or J.G. Shirley, Middleway, Jefferson county, West. Va.

August 13, 1867—3t

Winchester Tunes copy 3t and send bill to J. G.

Shirley, Middleway

OYSTER SALOON NOW OPEN. and continue during the season, his capacious OYSTER SALOONS, where both Ladies and Gentlemen, can have them served up in every style, with all the necessary accompanients. Oysters furnished to Families by the Pint, Quart or Gallon, at the lowest rates.
October 22, 1867. GUSTAV BROWN. A LARGE and nice stock of Letter, Cap and Note Paper, Wnite, Buff and Mourning Envelopes, Arnold's Fluid, Wright's Carmine Iok, Steel and Lead Pencils, just received from Philadelphia and for sale by C E, BELLER, Nov. 19, 1867. Harper's Ferry. FINGER Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Si ver Thimbles, and other things, very cheap Call and examine, at L. DINKLE'S

MILK CROCKS, JARS and FLOWER POTS, all sizes, for sale by KEARSLEY & SHEERER. A COMPLETE assortment of Dress Stations and Dress Trimmings, just received by October 1, 1867. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO. A LARGE stock of Hats, at Nov. 5. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S. NOTHER lot of Bogwood Jewelry, just received at S. A. HAMBRGER & CO'S .

TRNER'S FLOUR, keptconstantly on hand by Sept. 24. EGENE WEST.

CLOAK Trimmings and Cloak Buttons, at Nov. 5. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S,

HARPER'S FERRY TRADE.

HARPER'S FERRY CLOTHING

GENERAL FURNISHING STORE,

For Gentlemen, Youth and Children. THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he has just received, and will continue to keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected Stock of the best Made up CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR, all kinds of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c., &c., &c. PRICES IN PART.

Suit of Coat, Pants and Vest, complete, Silk Mixed Cassimere, \$15; Black Cloth Suit, \$12 to 23; Grey Harrison Cassimere Suit, \$17; Fulled Linsey Suit, \$10; Separate portions of Suit at Ratable Prices. Being enabled to buy my Goods of the first and best Manufacturers in the Country, I positively say I can offer BETTER and CHEAPER GOODS in my line than have ever been sold in this neighbor-

hood.
Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage, and will endeavor to merit the same. I respectfully request buyers to call before purchasing elsewhere and determine for themselves if I do not sell cheaper the same quality of goods than any one else possibly can.

M. ROSENBERG, Shenandoah St.,
Opposite Dr. O'Donnell's Office and Residence. Opposite Dr. O'Donnell's Office and Residence September 24, 1867-tf. Harper's Fer

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!!!

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he has just received and opened a well selected stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, SATCHELS, TRUNKS & NOTIONS.

to which he would respectfully invite the attention of those who wish to buy a good article, at low rates.

Persons will do well to call and examine, as he is determined to please patrons.

JOHN L. SCHILLING, Opposite Shenandoah Hotel, Harper's Ferry, Va. N. B. -Special attention paid to custom work, at

short notice. A fine lot of samples always on hand. September 24, 1867. HARPER'S FERRY TRADE.

UST received 250 sacks GROUND ALUM and FINE SALT, and ANOTHER ASSORTMENT OF STOVES, consisting of CARBON, BACHELOR, GARDEN CITY, OVEN, PARLOR AND EQUATOR, for Coal and Wood-beautiful patterns. Also, old fashioned Ten-Plate Stoves-several sizes. JAMES McGRAW.
Harper's Ferry, Oct. 26, 1867.

HARPER'S FERRY DRUG STORE. THE undersigned having purchased the Drug Store formerly conducted by Mr. Lajoy, at the corner of shenandoah and High streets, Harper's Ferry, respectfully informs streets, Harper's Ferry, respectfully informs the public that he designs giving his exclusive care and attention to its proper management. The stock has already been largely replenished, and will be added to from time to time as necessity may equire.

RE-PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded, and C. E. BELLER.

orders respectfully solicited. C. Harper's Ferry, October 8, 1867. TO PHYSICIANS .- I would respectfully call the attention of the Physicians to my large and complete stock of Medicines which I am now receiving, and am prepared to fill all orders at Baltimore prices. Any goods not on hand will be promptly ordered, and carefully sent to any portion of the County.

C. E. BELLER.

Harper's Ferre, W. Va., Oct. 22, 1867.

L'AMILY Dye Colors, for dyeing silk, woolen, L also mixed goods, cotton and wool Shawls, Scarfs, Ribbons, Dresses, Feathers, Bonnets, Hats, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel, with perfect fast colors at a saving of eighty per cent., for sale by C. E. BELLER, Cctober 22, 1867. Harper's Ferry.

I HAVE just received a large stock of PAINTS, consisting in part of the following:
LEWIS' PURE LEAD,
SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE, LINSEED OIL, COPAL VARNISH, together with all the Colors, which I am prepared to sell as low as any house this side of Baltin Persons designing repairing their houses, would do well to give me a call before purchasing. C. E. BELLER. Nov, 19, 1867. Harper's Ferry.

IF YOU WANT TO SELL YOUR FARM CALL ON RICHARDSON & WALTON. NEW GOODS ARRIVING.

EVERYTHING IN FAVOR OF THE BUYER! COME AND SEE! INVITE attention to my stock of NEW GOODS It is large, handsome and varied-consisting of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, AND OVER COATINGS, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, DOMESTICS,

Ready-Made Clothing, Limps, Oils, &c., &c. October 22, 1867. H. L. HEISKELL. Uctober 22, 1867. DOMESTICS. White and Red Flannels, Twilled, Shaker and Sack Flannels, Brown and Bleached Cottons, Ticking and Plaid Cottons. ADIES' DRESS GOODS. All Wool Delaines, Striped Poplins, Striped Repp, Black Repp, Black and Plaid Alpaccas, Hoop-Skirts, Kid Gloves,
Rufflings, Balmorals, &c.

CENTLEMEN'S GOODS.

English Front

English, French & American Cassimeres, Boots, Shocs, Hats, Caps, Shirts, Under-Shirts, Collars, Socks, Neck-Ties, Shirt Bosoms,
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs,
DEADY-MADE CLOTHING. Over-Coats, Coats, Pants, Vests, Boys' Suits, Drawers, &c. AMPS, &C. A fine assortment Stand & Hand Lamps, Metal-Top and Plain Glass Chimneys, Burners and Wicks.

TTEROSENE OIL. A No. 1 article of Kerosene Qil. L UBRICATING OIL. Oil for Machines. H. L. HEISKELL. October 22, 1867. GREAT ATTRACTIONS IN MILLINERY

MISS MAGGIE JOHNSON, WOULD state, for the information of the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has recently returned from Baltimore with a full and complete stock of SEASONABLE MILLINERY GOODS. composed of articles the most fashionable and be-coming. She especially invites the attention of Ladies to her beautiful styles of

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., all of which she means to sell at the most reasonabl With the determination that her work shall com mend itself for taste and utility, she confidently anticipates a liberal share of public patronage.

October 29, 1867.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL. MRS. A. C. MITCHELL & CO.,

GRATEFUL for the liberality with which they have been sustained, notify the public that they are in receipt of their full stock of NEW AND RICH MILLINERY. isting of BONNETS of the latest patterns, HATS of the most improved style, and a rich stock of TRIMMINGS, such as Flowers, Feathers, Velvets, Ribbons, Buttons, &c. They invite the Ladies of the town and surround ing country to give them a call, with the assurance that they are prepared to offer inducements not surpassed by any similar establishment in the Val-

October 22, 1867. VERY superior Coarse Boots, Heavy Brogans, Men's and Boys' Calf Shoes, Ladies' Morocco and Kid Shoes, Misses' Morocco Tipped Shoes, Hats for Men and Boys, just received and for sale by October 1, 1867. D. HOWELL. JUST RECEIVED, a large stock of Cassimeres, fancy and plain black; Cloths for Coats or Cloaks Gray Linseys, Tweeds, Sattinetts, &c., to which I invite the attention of the gentleman.

October 1, 1867.

D. HOWELL. 1,500 FEET French Window Glass, for sale AISQUITH & BRO.

85-Store, opposite the Methodist Parsonage, on

SUPERIOR FRENCH CASIMERES, for sale by EUGENE WEST. RASS, Steel and Iron Shovels, Tongs, Pokers Coal Shovels, Coal Sieves, &c., for sale by Nov. 5, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. BRASS and Iron Andirons, for sale by Nov. 5. D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

BALTIMORE CARDS.

HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE UP

GRAIN, FLOUR, SEEDS, PORK, BACON LARD, COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE LEATHER, WOOL, FEATHERS, ROSIN, TAR, TURPENTINE, GINSENG, BUTTER, EGGS, &c., &c. NO. 124 SOUTH EUTAW STREET.

[OPPOSITE BALT. O. R. P. DEROT. h

Q-ORDERS for all kinds of Merchandise, Salt,

BALTIMORE.

Fish, Plaster, Guano, and the various Fertilizers and Farming Implements, promptly filled. REFERENCES: HOPKINS, HARNDEN & KEMP, Baltimore. CANBY, GILPIN & Co., "BROOKS, FAHN'S IOCK & Co., " PENNIMAN & BRO, DANIEL MILLES, Pres. Nat. Exc. Bank, Bal'more C. W. BUTTON, Esq., Lynchburg, Va. M. GREENWOOD & SON, New Orleans.

STOV & BERRLEY, Lowell, Ohio.

DAVIS, ROPER & Co., Petersburg, Va. R. H. MILLER, Alexandria, Va. [August 20, 1867. LEWIS SNELLENBERG.

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, cloaks, shawls, hoop skirts and mil-linery goods,

(Between Lexington and Fayette Streets,) BALTIMORE, MD. THOS. H. HANSON.

No. 25 North Eutaw Street,

Furniture, Chair, DESK MANUFACTURER, Wholesale and Retail. No. 11 South Calvert Street, Corner Lovely Lane,

K EEPS constantly on hand, of his own Manufac-ture, Furniture and Chairs of all kinds, Whole-sale and Retail, Parlor and Chamber Sets, Mattrass-es, Looking Glasses, &c., at Prices that cannot fail plase. July 30, 1867—1y.

Maltby House, A. B. MILLER, PROPRIETOR, BALTIMORE, MD. July 30, 1867-1y*. Randall Evans.

FORMERLY OF WINCHESTER, VA.,

Informs his friends of the City and Country that he has removed his Restaurant 49 GERMAN STREET. Between Howard and Eutaw Streets, Second Door from Commercial and Farmers Bank,

Give RANDALL a call. September 10, 1867-3m. Baltimore Stove House. SEND IN YOUR ORDERS. H AVING largely increased our facilities for supplying the great demand for our celebrated RE-IMP'D OLD DOMINION, IMPERIAL,

NOBLE COOK, and other Cooking Stoves, as well as our patent GEM AND DIAMOND GAS BURNER, FIREPLACE HEATERS. FURNACES, RANGES, CAULDRONS AND HEATING STOVES of all kinds. We respectfully request that you forward your orders, and not wait until the busy season ison us, as there will be nodelay in filling them now. OLD STOVES taken in Exchange.

BIBB & CO.

No. 39, Light street, Baltimore. September 10, 1867 -4m. HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON. FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in all kinds of Produce and General Merchandize, SUMMIT POINT DEPOT. Jefferson County, West Va. J. J. HILLEARY. W. N. C. WILSON, July 30, 1867. H. A. JOHNSON.

SUMMIT POINT DEPOT, W. & P. R. R. THE undersigned are now prepared to receive Freights of all kinds for shipment. They are also prepared to buy, or receive Produce on Com-HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON.

NOTICE.

July 30, 1867.

THE subscribers are now offering for sale all kinds of Merchandize at reduced prices, either HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON Summit Point Depot, Jefferson Co., W. Va. July 30, 1867.

NEW CASH STORE.

I nave just opened, and offer for sale for cash, at the old stand of A. W. Cramer, a general as-DRY GOODS, GROCERIES. SHOES & HATS. WOODEN WARE, and many other articles usually kept in retail

stores, and respectfully invites the public to call and examine them. EUGENE WEST.

September 24, 1867. NEW BARBER SHOP.

T the solicitation of many of my old customers A I have again opened my Barber Shop in the rear of the "Sappington Hotel," Charlestown, where I shall devote my best efforts to the accommodation Shaving, Hair-Trimming, Shampooning, &c done in the most approved style, and at the shortest notice.

35 Clothing of all descriptions, renovated in the
best manner, and on reasonable terms. Give me a
JAMES BRADY.

Call, October 8, 1867

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! A S I have just returned from Baltimore with the largest, best selected and cheapest stock of goods I have ever offered to the public, I would ask an examination of the same by the Ladies and Gentlemen of Charlestown and vicinity, feeling confident the stock will compare favorably with others, both as to price and selection.

I would ask the special attention of the ladies to my stock of DRESS GOODS, consisting in part of ALPACAS.

POPLINS,

REPS.

REPS, DELAINES, &c. all of which have been selected with great care.—Call early.

October 1, 1867. IF YOU WANT TO SELL

MILL PROPERTY,

CALL ON RICHARDSON & WALTON. LUMBER AND LIME. 50,000 FEFT Shenandoah Yellow Pine Plank, 2 inch, 1½ and 1 inch. Fifty barrers Fresh Lime, for Cash. W. J. HAWKS.

SPECIAL NOTICE, TO THE LADIES OF CHARLESTOWN AND VICINITY.—We have just received all the latest styles of Cloak and Sack Patterns We shall also make Cloaks and Sacks to order. Any one wishing any of the above patterns, will do well to call early at S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S. PIPES!

PIPES!! PIPES!! A NEW and beautiful assortment of Wood Pipes of all kinds and styles, just received by November 5, 1867. M. S. BROWN. NOTICE.—We are the Agents for the celebrated EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE. Persons in want of a good Machine will do well to call at S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S., and see them.

November 5, 1867. BUTCHER Knives, at all prices, for sale by Nov. 5 D. HUMPHREYS & CO. 5-4 AND 10-4 SHEETINGS, at Nov. 5. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S.

A Wonderful Remedy.

Stonebraker's

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

WARRANTED TO CURE eumatism, Sprains, Swelled Joints, Sore Throc Frosted Feet, Poison, Sores and Bruises, Fresh Cuts, Corns, Mumps, Tetter, Pains in the Limbs and Back, Sweeny, on man or Beast, Saddle or Collar Galls, Dis-temper, Scratches, Pole Evil, Fistula, &c. on Horses and Mules, and all Diseases requiring an External Remedy.

All who know and have used this valuable Liniment testify to its great virtues in removing Pains, Swellings, &c. The great success attending the use of this valuable preparation, and the extensive sale of it for the few years of its introduction to the public favor, is a sure indication of its true merits and great popularity. It is becoming extensively used in every part of the country, East, West, North and South, and wherever it is sold it takes the place of all other preparations of a similar kind. This is another strong evidence of its great power in removing all diseases incident to both Man and Beast. No Liniment has yet been made to equal it, it only needs a trial to prove its great value.

Be sure to ask for STONEBRAKER'S Preparations.

Every BOTTLE warranted to give satisfac-tion, or the money refunded. PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

STONEBRAKER'S GREAT COUGH REMEDY. VEGETABLE

For the Rapid Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseners, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, First Stages of Consumption, Soreness of the Throat, and all Affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

This Syrup is an invaluable remedy for the alleviation and cure of Pulmonary Diseases. It is prompt in its action, pleasant to the taste, and from its extreme mildness, is peculiarly applicable to the use of children and persons in delicate health. As an anodyne expectorant, it will always be found to be beneficial, by alleviating and arresting the severest spells of coughing so distressing to the patient. The afflicted can rely upon its doing as much, or more than any other remedy in soothing the nerves, facilitating expectoration, and healing the Diseased Lungs, thus striking at the root of all diseases and eradicating it from the system.

All we ask is a trial of this preparation, as it has no equal in its effects, and never fails to give entire satisfaction to all who use it. We warrant it in all cases or the money refunded.

Try it-only 25 and 50 Cents a Bottle.

STONEBRAKER'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Will restore premature Grey Hair to its natural This brilliant preparation has gained for itself an unbounded reputation wherever it has been sold, for cleansing the head of Dandruff, Scurf, and all cutaneous affections, always preventing the hair from falling off, and at the same time making the hair soft, oily and glossy in appearance. It only needs a trial to prove satisfactory to all who use it.

MG-Agents of Stonebraker's Valuable Family Medicines will be on their guard against the imitation and counterfeiting of them. which is now being done by CLOTWORTHY & CO., Baltimore, and put forth upon the public as the genuine articles made by me. A large number of Agents are left under the impression that the undersigned is out of the business, and that CLOTWORTHY & CO. have the sole control of my business, which is not the case. Means, both foul and fair are used to deceive

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

accommodating terms. H. STONEBRAKER, Sole Proprietor and Munufacturer, No. 84 Camden Street, Baltimore,

Where all orders must be sent for the Genuine

August 6, 1867 - 6m. Charlestown, Va. CALL, EXAMINE AND PRICE?

HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, BRANDIES, Whiskies, Wines, Holland Gin, Rum, Catsups, Pickles, Coarse and Fine Salt, Kerosene Oil, To-bacco (cheap grades and the bestquality) for chewing or smoking, and Cigars at all prices. GLASS-WARE, QUEENS, WOODEN & STONE

constantly on hand, and can be obtained day or All kinds of Country PRODUCE taken in ex-

THE undersigned wishes to inform the Ladles of Jefferson and surrounding counties, that he has received a large and handsome assortment of La-dies' Dress Trimmings and Fancy Goods, such as COL'D AND BLACK VELVET RIBBONS. BUGLE BRAID AND FRINGES. BUGLE BRAID AND FRINGES.

Mohair and Crape Fringes and Binding, Velvet Crepe, Silk and Bombazine Buttons; Blue, Green, Scarlet and Black Belt Ribbons, and many more Trimmings too numerous to mention. A beautiful assortment of Fancy Goods, such as Jet, Crystal and Plated Belt Buckles; Jet Breastpins, Ladies' Companions and Reticules, Wax and Glass Beads, Ear Rings, Dress Elevators, Fancy Pocket Books, a handsome assortment of Embroidered Cushions for Rocking Chairs and Lounges, all colors of Zephyr Worsted and Knitting Yarn, Canvass for Embroideries, Children's Legings and Scarfs, a full line of Ladies' and Children's Gloves, Buck Gauntlets for Ladies and Gentlemen.

The above articles have been selected with great care, and will be sold at low prices.

care, and will be sold at low prices.

- M. BEHREND. October 8, 1867. NEW ARRIVAL. TRUSSELL & CO. A RE now receiving and opening, a large and general assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, embracing Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Groceries, Notions, Queensware and Wooden Ware, and Dry Goods generally, which are being offered on the most favorable terms. Call soon and examine.

October 8, 1367.

DRESS GOODS. I AM in receipt of an assortment of handsome DRESS GOODS, and respectfully solicit an inspection by the Public. June 18, 1867. H. L. HEISKELL. PPTENT Carriage Jacks, the hest and cheapest in RANSON & DUKE. BUCKWHEAT Flour for sale by Nov. 5. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. THE finest Biola Beaver Overcoats, at Nov.5. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S. CANVASS HAMS, Bologna Sausages, Dried Bee and Sweet Potatoes, a fresh supply, just received and for ale by J. B. BROWN, October 8, 1867.

Agent.

100 SACKS G. A. & FINE SALT for sale by

COUGH SYRUP.

A Most Valuable Preparation for the Hair,

NONE BUT THE AGED NEED NOW BE BALD. Will free the head of Dandruff, Scurf, &c. Will prevent the Hair from falling off. Will cure all Itching, Humors of the Scalp. Will make the Hair soft, oily and glossy.

the unwary and the public and to flood the country with spurious articles. A word to the wise may

save much trouble.

To my friends and the public I will state that I have re-commenced business at No. 84 Camden Street, Baltimore, where all those who have been selling my medicines. THE ORIGINAL STONE-BRAKER'S MEDICINES, will please send their orders, and they will be supplied as before, on the most accommodating terms

CAMPBELL & MASON.

N addition to the fresh, large and varied stock A heretofore on hand, I have just received at my store-room opposite the Bank building, a large and general assortment of

DO., BUCKETS, TUBS, &c. A general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, consisting in part of superior Over and Under Shirts, the real Buckskin Gloves, Carpet-Sacks. Shirts, the real Buckskin Gloves, Carpet-Sacks, Umbrellas, &c. Hosiery—a general assortment and very cheap, and well worth the attention of the Ladies. Soda, Water and Mushroom Crackers, Cheese, Candies, and Nuts and Fruits generally.— FISH. embracing Mackerel, Shad and Herring, as also Canvass Hams, Bologna Sausage, Dried Beef, &c. FRESH BEEF and SAUSAGE will be found

change for goods.

105-Corn Meal and Flour, Buckwheat and Potatoes, constantly on hand. These articles will be sold at the very lowest liv-

ing profit, and a call from the public generally is respectfully solicited. JACOB B. BROWN, October 22, 1867. LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS AND FANCY GOODS.

Last winter a wealthy Cuban conceived an extravagant passion for quite a pretty young woman dancing at a leading Broadway (New York) theatre; wrote to her and solicited an interview. He poured his passion out in burning words, and offered to pour out his gold as freely; but she informed him, as the celebrated English actress did her opulent admirer, that the way to her favors lay through the church. He sought to shake her resolution, but in vain, and in despair of possessing her otherwise, he made her his wife. He tired of her in a few weeks, and as his relations were violently opposed to such an alli-ance, he soon deserted her and returned to

Too proud to follow him, she went back to the stage, and during the month of May a clerk in a commercial house down town fell in love with her, and went through the same experience as the Spaniard. Hymen before Venus for her; and so the young fellow, with a degree of dishonor characteristic of an older and a cooler heart, entrapped her into a false marriage. His employer accidentally discovered the deception, became interested in his pretty danseuse, and apprised her of the clerk's villainy, assuring her he should be compelled to wed her, if she desired it,

by due process of law. Esmeralda declined to have anything more to do with the rogue, and released him unconditionally. The merchant was so much struck with the woman's spirit and beauty, that although he knew she had twice consented to marry in cold blood, he proposed matrimony to her, and for the third time she accepted. Certain legal steps are necessary before the last nuptials can be consummated; but the commercial lover is desperately enamored of her, and has already placed her in a handsome mansion, and made her a deed of the property, with \$10,000 for pin money. His friends are indignant, and aver that he is infatuated. But he swears he loves her, and will marry her, as soon as practicable, She says she is deeply attached to him for his kindness to and sympathy with her, and

Her fiancee is nearly forty, and has long been sought as a husband in modish circles to no purpose. His liver seems to have stuck now, and there is little doubt that he will wed Esmerelda this winter, and snap his fingers at comment and criticism. She will join Grace Church; be passed upon by Brown; ride to morning services with gold-clasped hymn-book, and look ten times more as if she was born to it than many of her sex who prate of blood and breeding.

is now leading a very quiet and exemplary

Dres IR.E.-Twice within the past twelve months the stars have been swept out of Heaven like sere leaves. Only a few days since a grand eruption of Vesuvius filled the heavens with broad flame, and the earth with terror. Nearly at the same hour, an island of the Spanish Main went down in the throes of a terrible earthquake, and all its myriad souls were expunged in a single pulsation of time. A year ago, not less than a million people perished wretchedly in India of starvation. And during the recent Taeping rebellion in China, twenty-five millions of her teeming population were destroyed. All the world over there are wars and rumors of wars. In this country, there is anarchy, pestilence, poverty, confusion of tongues, false prophets, Thad. Stevens, the Alabama Convention, circuses, Reconstruction, the Washington Chronicle, and a ghost or the devil at Scottsville, in Albemarle.

Every prudent man, in view of these sinister omens, should select a convenient sapling and be prepared on short notice to bid this vain world adieu and climb the said sapling for refuge.-Lynchburg Republican.

The Dutchman's "Bony."

"Shon, you recklememby dat liddle plack bony I pyed mit the bidler next week ?"

"Yaw, vot of him?" "Nothings, only I gets sheated burdy pad."

"So ?" "Yaw. You see in the vust place, he ish plint mit bote legs, and fery lame mit von eye. Den ven you gits on him to rite, he rares up behint unt kicks up before so vurser as a chach-mule. I dinks I dake him a little rite yesterday, und no sooner I gits straddle his pack he gommence dat vay, so like a vakin poam on a boatstream, unt ven he gits tone, I vas so mixed up mit every dinks, I vint mineself ziten around packwords, mit his dail in my hands vor de pridle."

"Vell, vot you going to do mit him ?" "Oh, I vixed him petter as sham up. hitch him in the cart mit his tail vere his head ought to be; den I gife him about a dozen cuts mit a hidecow; he starts to go, but soon he sees the cart before him, he makes packwards. Den I takes him out, hitch him de rite way, unt he goes right off shust so good as anybody's bony."

-A young man, named Francis Hauser. bought, the other day, a fine house in Vienna. The money with which he paid for the property had been obtained in a somewhat peculiar manner. He was a member of Maximilian's body-guard, and had been taken prisoner in 1866 in a battle with the troops commanded by Porfirio Diaz. He succeeded in effecting his escape by killing a sentinel but was a few moments afterwards met by a mounted officer. He killed him also, took a large valise from his person, mounted his horse and galloped to the lines of the Imperialists. On his arrival there he opened the valise, and found that it contained, besides a number of important papers, \$121,000 in American currency. He delivered the whole to the Emperor Maximilian, who permitted him to retain \$50,000 of it. The fortunate soldier soon after returned to Vienna.

- Green spectacled pedagogue, enthroned upon a three-legged stool, with sceptre of birch firmly grasped-exclaims-

"Big boys, come up and parse the pig squeaks.' Now tell me what is the?" "The, sir, is a preposterous article, nomina-

tive to pig." "Why do you call it a preposterous article?" "Because it stands before pig. I would'nt stand before one for a shilling."

"Next boy, parse pig." "Pig is a common noun."

"Because it is so common, that you can't

see nothing else in the streets." "What is squeaks?" "A noun proper, sir."

"Why is it groper, Ezekiel?" "Because it makes a proper loud noise, and disturbs all the neighbors." "That's O. K. Now you can all go and

carry on with the gals." - The following story, told by a Northern paper of a Yankee corps in the late war, is

In the Arkansas campaign, the general officer found the entire—th grouped around a saw mill and weeping like Niobes. "Why, boys," he asked, "what is the matter?"—
"Matter enough," sobbed one enterprising volunteer. "Thus far we have never left anything behind; but we can't possibly steal

EDUCATIONAL.

JEFFERSON INSTITUTE.

THE next Session of my School for Young La dies will commence on WEDNESDAY, 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, and close the last THURSDAY in JUNE, 1868. Being provided with competent Assistants, every advantage for a thorough course in English, Music, and the Languages, will be afforded. The course of study embraces Latin.

Particular attention will be paid to Music, and Pupils will be required to play at the Musical Soirees, which will be given once in two months, when the friends of the Pupils can have an opportunity to judge of their progress.

to judge of their progress.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.—MRS. FORREST.

MATHEMATICS AND LANGUAGES.—MISS IRENE INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC—MBS. RICHARDSON. VOCAL MUSIC—MISS NANNIE FORREST.

Terms: BOARD and TUITION in ENGLISH and LATIN Lights and Washing Extra. The usual deduction made for pupils who remain only during the scholastic week.

DAY SCHOLARS.

References:

65-The Clergy of the different denominations in Charlestown, and the patrons of the School. For further particulars apply to MBS. A. M. FORREST, Charlestown, Jefferson County. September 3, 1867.

YOUNG MEN

Who are desirous of preparing themselves practically for the Actual Duties of Business, should attend the

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 8 North Charles Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed College of Business in the country, and the only institution of ACTUAL PRACTICE in the State of Maryland. Our course of instruction is wholly practical and arranged to meet the demand of the age; being conducted upon a thorough system of ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE,

Affording to Students the facilities of a practical Business Education, by means of banks, representing money, and all the forms of business paper, such as Notes, Drafts,

&c., together with Business
Offices to represent the
principal departments
of trade and

COURSE OF STUDY. The curriculum of study and practice in this Insti-tution is the result of many years of experience, and the best combination of business talent to be found

BOOK-KEEEPING IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS AND APPLICATIONS. COMMERCIAL LAW. COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC.

SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING, With incidental instruction in the principles of POLITICAL ECONOMY, And a thorough training in BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE.



The standard of Business Writing is adopted and taught in its purity at this Institution, by one of the most experienced and successful teachers of Business and Ornamental Penmanship in the country.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations.— Special individual instruction to all Students.

THE CELEBRATED PAYSON DUNTON

& SCRIBNER'S

STEEL PENS. Officially adopted and used in our Institution, and ARE UNSURPASSED BY ANY IN THE MARKET.

Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents. Per Gross, \$1,50. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 ets. Prepaid to any address. No. 333, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing.

No. 455. The National Pen. Medium points, No. 8. The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card Writing, Pen Drawing, and fine Ornamental Work, this Pen is unequaled. Mental Work, this Pen is unequaled.

No. 117. The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points, very flexible. This is the Pen for bold, free writing, striking off-hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 7. The Business Pen. Large size, coarse points, holding a large quantity of ink. The points are very round, and do not stick into the paper and spatter the ink like most other coarse Pens

The trade supplied at the lowest wholesale rates. For further particulars send for College Journal. Special Circular and Splendid Specimens of Penman-ship, (enclosing two letter stamps.) Address THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADIER

BUSINESS COLLEGE. Baltimore, Md. MJ- Publishers desiring to insert this advertisement, are invited to address the above institution, with proposals for 6 and 12 months, stating circulation of paper. October 15, 1857-tf.

Read This! THE BALL STILL IN MOTION!

M. B. FRYER, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Notions of every Kind, also Stone and Earthen Wares. HE invites his friends and customers to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to sell Cheap for Cash.

"Come one, come all,"
But don't all come at once.

N. B.—My terms are CASH.

AG-All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, and the highest market price allowed.

M. B. FRYER, Rippon, Va.

NOTICE.

THE ur dersigned, having disposed of his stock of goods, store fixtures. &c., in Charlestown, to Mrs. Hannah Cohn, of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the public that the business will hereafter be conducted by said Hannah Cohn at the same place, and that she has employed the undersigned as an agent to carry on the same.

M. BEHREND.

Nov. 19, 1867. [Free Press.] THE PATENT HERO FRUIT JARS! D dely all competion. Mark the effective simplicity of their performances. Any child can use them. For sale by TRUSSELL & CO.

SULPHATE OF LIME,
USED to arrest fermentation in Cider and thus
preserve its sparkling properties, just received
and for sale by
AISQUITA & BRO.

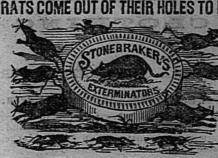
LINSEYS. JUST received, our stock of Fulled and Plaid Linseys, Tweeds, and White and Colored Flan-nels, which we sell at Factory prices. Oct. I. 1867. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

COAL Hods, Shovels, Tongs and Pokers,
Dog Irons, Tea Trays, Coal Sifters,
Hale's Meat Cutters, Meat Stuffers, Wood Saws, Axes and Helvcs, Just received and for sale by October 29, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. IT IS NO DYE.—Hall's Hair Renewer will restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has tallen off. For sale by C. E. BELLER,

October 22, 1867. Barper's Ferry. GALVANIZED and Japanned Coal Hods and Fire Carriers, for sale by Nov. 5, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. PERSONS wishing to have their PIANOS tuned can have it done by applying to October 29, 1867. L. DINKLE.

STONEBRAKER'S MEDICINES.

RATS COME OUT OF THEIR HOLES TO DIE



Great Destruction of Rats It is paste, and used on bread.

Every box warranted a dead shot.

No one can risk anything in trying it.

As it will DESTROY all your RATS, MICE, ROACHES AND ANTS,

Or you can have your money refunded. AT.SO STONEBRAKER'S BED BUG EXTERMINATOR. It is a liquid and used with a brush. Every bottle warranted a dead shot. Try them and rid yourselves of these Noxious Vermin.

STONEBRAKER'S ROACH EXTERMINATOR Warranted to clear your premises of ROACHES promptly and effectually.

The Best Pills in Use are Stonebraker's VECETABLE

LIVER PILLS. A SAFE AND SURE CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE. We invite the special attention of the public to We invite the special attention of the public to the above preparation as being the best compound PILLS now in use, for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, COSTIVENESS, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, and especially SICK HEADACHE, JAUNDICE, PAIN in the SIDE, STOMACH, BACK, or INTESTINES, &c.

These Pills are a perfectly safe, gentle and effectual purgative. They are mild in their operations, producing neither Nausea nor Debility, and are confidently recommended to all persons affected with any of the above diseases. The great popularity which these PILLS have attained is a sure indication that their virtues are justly appreciated indication that their virtues are justly appreciated by all who have used them. Every Box warranted to give entire satisfaction or the money refunded. ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.

The Greatest Family Medicine in the World,

Sore Throat, Dipthería, Bronchitis, Cramp Cholic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, &c.

The attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, is called to the great remedy known as STONEBRAKER'S BALSAM, OR

PAIN KILLER.

Croup, Bronchitis, Scarlet Fever, &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also an infallible remedy for Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, Sudden Colds and Coughs, Neuralgia, Phthisic, Old Sores, &c. It is also invaluable for Bruises, Frosted Feet, Swelled Joints, Bites of Poisonous Insects, &c., and a proupt and sure remedy for Cramp Cholic and all Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

This medicine has been tried in thousands of ases of the throat, and also an infallible This medicine has been tried in thousands of cases in different parts of the country, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often he saved by having a couple of bottles of this valuable medicing in the house. As an evidence valuable medicine in the house. As an evidence of its great qualities the proprietors warrant every bottle to give entire satisfaction.

Try it and be convinced of its great value.

PRICE 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE. MG-Agents of Stonebraker's Valuable Family Medicines will be on their guard against the imitation and counterfeiting of them, which is now being done by CLOTWORTHY & CO., Baltimore, and put forth upon the public as the genuine articles made by me. A large number of Agents are left under the impression that the undersigned is out of the business, and that CLOTWORTHY & CO. have the sole control of my business, which is not the case. Means, both foul and fair are used to deceive the unwary and the public and to flood the country with spurious articles. A word to the wise may save much trouble.

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H. STONEBRAKER, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer. No. 84 Camden Street, Baltimore, Where all orders must be sent for the Genuine For sale by

CAMPBELL & MASON, August 6, 1967 - 6m. Charlestown, Va. LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS AND FANCY GOODS.

THE undersigned wishes to inform the Ladies of I Jefferson and surrounding counties, that he has received a large and handsome assortment of Ladies' Dress Trimmings and Fancy Goods, such as COL'D AND BLACK VELVET RIBBONS, BUGLE BRAID AND FRINGES, Mohair and Crape Fringes and Binding, Velvet

Crepe, Silk and Bombazine Buttons; Blue, Green, Scarlet and Black Belt Ribbons, and many more Trimmings too numerous to mention. A beautiful assortment of Fancy Goods, such as Jet, Crystal and Plated Belt Buckles; Jet Breastpins, Ladies' Companions and Reticules, Wax and Glass Beads. Ear Rings, Dress Elevators, Fancy Pocket Books, a handsome assortment of Embroidered Cushions for Rocking Chairs and Lounges, all colors of Zephyr Worsted and Knitting Yarn, Canvass for Embroideries, Children's Legings and Scarfs, a full line of Ladies' and Children's Gloves, Buck Gauntlets for Ladies and Gentlemen. The above articles have been selected with great care, and will be sold at low prices.
M. BEHREND, October 8, 1867.

October 8, 1867.

PREPARE FOR WINTER! ASSORTMENT GENERAL AND PRI-CES MODERATE.

MILLER & SMITH respectfully inform the public that they have just received at their wareroom in Charlestown, one of the largest and best selected assortments of STOVES, that the Baltimore or Wheeling foundries could furnish. The stock is so general and complete, as to meet all necessities or suit all tastes, and being offered at prices so moderate, for Cash, or in exchange for Produce, that none can fail to be suited. The following com prises in part, the varieties of wood and coal stoves

size Diamond Parlor Stove, for heating two and 3 sizes Indianola Cook Stove, for Wood. Winona Winona " " Wood and Coal. er er Coal. Standard " " Wood.

Radiator, for Coal. Broadside, "Wood. Parlor Organ, for Wood. A variety of Parlor Stoves of all kinds.

Tin-Roofing, Spouting, and all work in the Tinning line, done at short notice and by the best work-

Coal Hods, Lard Cans, and Tinware generally, always on hand and for sale at the lowest prices. Ry-Beef-Hides, Sheep Skins, Rags, Beeswax, Hard Soap, Bacon, Old Copper and Brass, will be taken in exchange for work, at the highest market

A call from the public generally is respectfully solicited.

M. & S.

NEW ARRIVAL. TRUSSELL & CO. A RE now receiving and opening, a large and general assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS embracing Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Groceries, Notions, Queensware and Wooden Ware, and Dry Goods generally, which are being offered on the most favorable terms. Call soon and examine.

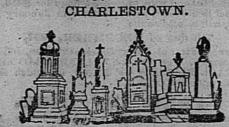
DRESS GOODS. AM in receipt of an assortment of handsome DRESS GOODS, and respectfully solicit an inspection by the Public.

June 18, 1867.

H. L. HEISKELL. CANVASS HAMS, Bologna Sausages, Dried Bee and Sweet Potatoes, a fresh supply, just re-ceived and for ale by J. B. BROWN, ceived and for ale by

NEW Stamping Patterns, at M. BEHREND'S. ADIES' DRESS GOODS, of all kinds, for sale by EUGENE WEST. MARBLE WORKS.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS. Main Street, Opposite the Carter House,



Diehl & Bro MANUFACTURERS OF

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT STONES, MANTLES, STATUES,

AND CARVING, in all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.—
If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and patronize Home Manufacturers. The subscribers have also in operation their shop in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt at-tention to all work entrusted to them.

DIEHL & BRO.

Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867-od May 15, 1866. MECHANICAL.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having returned to Charlestown, with the view of locating in his native county, takes this method of announcing that he will give his prompt attention to the execution of all work entrusted to him, in the BUILDING AND HOUSE-JOINING LINE. As there may be those who are not familiar with is qualifications as a workman, he would state that

all his work will be under the supervision of his father, Mr. Nathaniel Myers, whose experience as a builder is known to all. 数 Orders for work solicited, and may be left at the residence of his father, in Charlestown. October 15, 1867—3m. [F. P.]

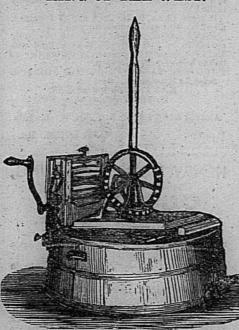
DAVID H. COCKRILL. ARCHITECT AND BUILDER. CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON CO.,

Virginia. FOR the very liberal patronage extended to me since my release from imprisonment at the Old Capitol," I tender my sincere thanks. Having had an experience of years in the CARPENTER & HOUSE JOINING BUSINESS. and now in command of a corps of competent workmen; and having on hand a supply of valuable building material, I am fully prepared to execute all work entrusted to me, speedily, in the best manner, and to the entire satisfaction of all who Particular attention given to the drawing of November 13, 1866—†f. plans and specifications.

JULIUS C. HOLMES. HOUSE CARPENTER AND BUILDER. INFORMS the citizens of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick & Berkeley Counties, that he has opened a CARPENTER AND JOINING SHOP.

HOUSES and will CONTRACT for BUILDINGS. All work will be done in the neatest and most workman-like manner, and at a moderate rate. On hand, Lumber, Door Frames, Window Sash, &c. for work All who want their work done promptly and neatly, will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Shop adjoining the Blacksmith shop of Mr Hiram O'Bannon. April 16, 1867 -tf.

"KING OF THE WEST."



W E offer to the citizens of Rockingham, Shen-andoah, to Frederick, Clarke, Jefferson and Berkeley counties, the cheapest and best WASH-ING MACHINE ever made, warranted not to wear or tear the Clothes, washes perfectly clean, makes no slop, and requires no boiling.

Sold subject to trial. If it does not give satisfaction you have the right to return it.

Machine and Wringer, \$22 00 EUGENE WEST, General Agent, Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va. TClarke Journal, Rockingham Register, Martinsgurg New Era, Winchester Times, New Market Valley, and Shepherdstown Register copy tf. and send bill to this office. 1

GET THE BEST!

TIME SAVED IS MONEY MADE! THE very best Sewing Machine now in use is the WILCOX & GIBBS NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, which by its rapid motion SAVES TIME,

and by its noiseless operation does not shock the nerves, but its work glides away from under the needle with magical swiftness, leaving the operator in a state of satisfaction and relief that so much ba. been accomplished in so little time without labor; for there was no perplexity to get THE NEEDLE SET;

no wondering bow to get the two tensions arranged just right; there was no ceaseless clatter to dis-turb, nor was there the dreaded reversing of the motion, causing a total disarrangement of needles, bobbins, and shuttles, after a half hour spent in GETTING READY; neither was there the exhausting labor to run con-

sequent upon much and complex machinery; there was none of these difficulties, for in the "Letter G" all these have been done away with; and as better satisfaction can be had by seeing its operation, we advise persons needing just such a machine, to call at the residence of Mrs Ann E. Monroe, Charlestown, where one can be seen in operation, or send for samples of work and circulars to Oct. 15, 1867-3m. Frederick City, Md.

JOHN'S ELASTIC MINERAL CEMENT, 8 a thick compound. about the consistency o morter, and is very valuable for repairing leaky shingle, slate and other roofs, leaky joints around the commeys, dormer windows, sky-lights, &c., put up in boxes of 10, 25, 50 and 100 lbs, for sale by Oct. 15, 1867. RANSON & DUKE. CORN Hampers, Scoop Shovels, Grain Bags, Bull Rings, Patent Husking Pegs, Swing Lid Tea-Kettles, "Indianola" Cook Stoves—fully warrant-ed—for sale by RANSON & DUKE.

TOBACCO.

CHEWING and Smoking Tobacco, of all grades;
Garrett's Scotch Snuff, for sale by
September 24, 1867. EUGENE WEST. THE PRIDE OF THE SOUTH, THE Best Chewing Tobacco that is manufac tured, just received and for sale by Sept. 24, 1867. M. S. BROWN.

October 15, 1867.

WINDOW GLASS, OF all sizes, and PUTTY, for sale by C. E. BELLER, A LARGE and well selected stock of Fancy Goods, including Lubin's Genuine Extracts for the Handkerchief, for sale by Sept. 10, 1867. CAMPBELL & MASON. HORKS.—Pitch, Hay and Manure Forks, of su-perior quality, cheapest in market, for sale by July 2, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. ADIES' Buck Gauntlets and Sandringham Ruf-fle, just received by October 1, 1867. S. A. HAMBURGER & CO. McDOWELL & Becktel's Patent Family Hominy Mill, with Fan attached, for sale by Oct. 15, 1867. RANSON & DUKE. 50 BARRELS Hydraulic Cement, on consignment and for sale by RANSON & DUKE.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR for sale by Sept. 24. EUGENE WEST.

DUFFIELD'S TRADE.

TWM. M. SNYDER. SNYDER & LINK. DUFFIELDS, JEFFERSON COUNTY, WEST VA., WILL keep on hand and order all kinds of AG-RICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, such as

REAPERS, MOWERS, DRILLS, HORSE RAKES, HAY HOISTERS,

CORN SHELLERS, HAY, STRAW AND FODDER CUTTERS. both hand and power. Scythes, Grain Cradles, Hand Rakes, &c.
Will also furnish PLASTER, GUANOS, and all rinds of FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c. We would

THE SHENANDOAH HOUSE. North Queen Street, MARTINSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA.

recommend for the harvest,

JOHN FELLER, PROPRIETOR. THE undersigned begs leave to inform the public generally, and his friends especially, that since the excursion of our worthy Ex-Mayor and City Fathers to the Salt River, there is no more danger on entering his Bar-Room of being called up before a Grand Jury. Everybody can now be his own Judge, and convince himself, that whatever JOHN FELLER keeps is pure, and A No. 1.

This is the best Hotel in the State East of the Alleghanies. It is furnished in the most modern and elegant style and in every respect formares favored. elegant style, and in every respect compares favorably with the best city Hotels.

His long experience in the business of Hotel keeping warrants him in assuring the public that persons calling at his house will meet every expecta-

tion of the traveller or sojourner as to what consti-tutes comfort and accommodation at a hotel. His Bar rivals competition in the quality of his LIQUORS, and in every other matter pertaining to this department of the house.
Respectfully recommending his

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, ne confidently expects a share of public patronage. August 13, 1867—tf. JOHN FELLER. STEVENS HOUSE, 21, 23, 25 & 27, Broadway, New York,

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. THESTEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known I to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men t is in close proximity to the business part of the it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

The Stevens House has liberal accommodation for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated-provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful— and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we

and pleasure of our Guests. GEO. K. CHASE & CO., June 11. 1867-6m. FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY,

are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort

OF WHEELING. CAPITAL, \$150,900. DIRECTORS: T. H. Logan, T. P. Shallcross, George Mendei, Samuel McClellan, J. S. Rhode,

J. H Hobbs. G. W Franzheim. James N. Vance. TiHIS company now having been organize I fou years, and in that time done a successful busiyears, and in that time done a successful business, is still prepared to take risks at fair rates on Buildings of all kinds, Merchandise, Manufacturing Establishments, Furniture, Steamboats and Cargoes on the Western Rivers and Lakes.

This company offers superior inducements to Farmers, whereby they can be insured on Dwellings Forniture, Barns and contents, for three or five years at reduced rates.

This being a home institution, with the largest capital and surplus of any company in the State and composed of some ninery-four stockholders, most of whom are among our best business men, recommends itself to the favorable consideration of the insuring public, and solicits their patronage. Applications for Insurance will receive prompt MG-OFFICE:-No. 29, Monroe Street, Wheeling, West Virginia. N. C. ARTHUR, Secretary.
SAM'L McCLELLAN, President.

GEORGE MENDEL, Vice President. C. M. COEN, Special Agent. EDW. M. AISQUITH, Agent, Charlestown. April 9, 1867-1y. GIFTS FOR CHRITMAS & NEW YEARS. A SUPERBSTOCK OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ALL WARRANTED TO RUN,

AND THOROUGHLY REGULATED, AT THE LOW PRICE OF \$10 EACH, AND SATISFAC-100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches... \$250 to \$1000 100 Magic Cased Gold Watches... 270 to 500 100 Ladies' Watches, enamele.1... 100 to 200 Gold Hunting Chron'r Watches 250 to 300 200 Gold Hunting English Levers. 200 to 250 300 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches 150 to 500 Gold Hunting Am'n Watches. 100 to 250

 500 Silver Hunting Levers.....
 50 to

 5:00 Silver Hunting Duplexes....
 75 to

 5:00 Gold Ladies* Watches.....
 50 to

 1,000 Gold Hunting Lepines...... 50 to 1,000 Miscellaneors Silver Watches 50 to 2,500 Hunting Silver Watches.... 25 to

5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds.. 10 to THE above stock will be disposed of on the POP L ULAR ONE-PRICE PLAN, giving every patron a fine Gold or Solid Silver Watch for \$10, without WRIGHT BRO. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnifient stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth \$1,000 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named the eon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10

is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straight forward legiti-mate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious. A single certificate will be sent by mail, post A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for \$1 eleven for \$2, thirty-three and elegant premium for \$5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for \$10, one hundred and most superb Watch for \$15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the watchest and open to the contract of the contract o to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection on delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address WRIGHT, BROTHER & CO., Importers,

161 Broadway, New York. November 14, 1867-3m.

Shannondale Factory THE undesigned are conducting this well appointed WOOLEN FACTORY, 6 miles from Charlestown and 1 mile from Kabletown, and are constantly manufacturing Goods of superior

quality.

We exchange our manufactures according to the following schedule:

64 Drab Linsey, 1 yard for 4 and 4½ lbs. Wool.

64 Grey Linsey, 1 do. do. 4½ do. 5 do. do.

34 Cassimere, 1 do. do. 3½ do. 4 do. do.

44 Plaid Linsey, 1 do. do. 2½ do. 3 do. do.

44 Flannels, 1 do. do. 2½ do. 3 do. do.

Yarns, 1 lb. do. 2½ do. 4 do. do.

Highest Cash Price paid for Wool,

JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO.

FRESH MEAT! FRESH MEAT!

for BUTCHERING in all its varieties, and will be able to supply the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, at all BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL & PORK IN SEASON. He will take especial care in the purchase of his STOCK, and furnish it to customers on the most favorable terms possible. THOMAS H. TRAIL.

A JOHN AVIS, General Partners, having erected a Distillery at "River View," (Vanvacter's,) and having furnished it with entirely new Fixtures, and employed a competent and experienced Distiller, are prepared to manufacture of the very best quality.

They will be prepared at all times to purchase GRAIN for said purposes, and will also pay liberal prices for HOGS. Persons having Hogs for sale will do well by calling on the undersigned.

September 3, 1867.

JOHN AVIS.

SHANNONDALE DISTILLERY.

DICHARD B. WASHINGTON, Special, and

10,000 BEST CURED POTOMAC HERRING, lust received at my store on Shenandoah street, JAMES McGRAW.

COOK stoves, Wooden Bowls—all sizes, Timothy Seed, Axes and Horse-shoe Nails, for sale by Nov. 5, 1867, RANSON & DUKE.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

M. S. BROWN. (SUCCESSOR TO J. H. HAINES,) MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS.

(Next door to Aisquith & Bro.;) MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN, VA. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

MANUFACTURES and will keep constantly on hand the following brands of Cigars, made of the finest foreign and domestic tobacce, and war-HAVANA REGALIA, LA PICCOLOMINI, CABINET, EL NACIONAL, LAREAL. JEFFERSON. PLANTATION, LA CORONA,

LA VICTORIA, BOQUET, MAGNOLIA, BANANA, NAPOLEON, GRAPE, &c. Will always keep on hand the finest brands of Chewing Tobacco in market, and rames in part the following .

PRIDE OF THE SOUTH, GRAVELY.

GOLDEN TWIST. SOLFORINA,

PEOPLE'S CHOICE, GOLDEN LEAF,

GENT'S COMPANICN. NAVY, &C., &C

Among his Francis of Smoking Tobacco may be ZEPHYR PUFF, CORA LEE, R. E. LEE, GOLDEN LEAF, QUEEN, NAVY, and other fire brands of pure Lynchburg Tobacco. SCOTCH, RAPPEE, AND OTHER SNUFFS.

Will always have on hand an extensive assort-ment of Plain and Fancy PIPES, from a MEER SCHAUM to B POWHATAN.

Persons dealing in my line will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before June 11, 1867. M. S. BROWN.

HALLTOWN TRADE

NEW GOODS AT HALLTOWN! THE undersigned has just returned from Baltimore with a new and well selected stock of DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE, &C., which is now offered to the public at reduced prices, as they were bought at the lowest Cash rates. All we ask is a call and an examination of our Goods and Prices. We feel confident that we will be able All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods. I am also prepared to forward the same to market for the Farmers, Millers and others.

For Joseph Brown. Halltown, Sept. 24, 1867-6m. [F. P] HO FOR HALLTOWN! THE undersigned, having taken the shop of L.

Yinger, is prepared to carry on the SHOE BUSINESS, in all its branches. None but the very best material used, and all work guaranteed to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their N. B. - Terms positively CASH. October 1, 1867.

GEORGE C. THOMAS.] JACOB ADAMS. THOMAS & ADAMS.

PHŒNIX CARRIAGE WORKS. BERRYVILLE, CLARKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA. DESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally that they have discontinued carriage-making in Woodsboro'. Frederick county, Md., having purchased the property formerly belonging to S. H. Bowen, as a carriage shop. Having entirely remodeled and refitted the shop, they are prepared to carry on

CARRIAGE MAKING in all its branches, and will keep on hand to order, all kinds of Carriages, Buggies, Rockaways. Phaetons. Spring Wagons, Germantown Wagons, Sulkies, &c. n fact all kinds of work done in a first-class estab-

lishment, having had considerable experience in the business. They are determined to employ none but first-class mechanics, and use none but the very best materials in the manufacture of their work, and will furnish work on as advantageous terms as any other shop in the State. Particular attention paid to repairing, and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases. All new work warranted for twelve months, cases. All new work warranted for twelve months, and old Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, etc., taken in exchange for new ones. Persons in need of anything in their line would do well to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere. A share of public patronage solicited.

N. B.—All orders promptly attended to.
Sept. 10, 1867—6m. THOMAS & ADAMS.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC



HARDWARE.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. BELIEVING that we have one of the largest and best selected assortments of this class of Goods ever in this Valley—and that we possess advantages Houses of Baltimore, we therefore respectfully solicit your orders, and hope, by diligent attention to the requirements of the Trade, to merit a continuance of your patronage. Our stock consists of

IMPORTED & AMERICAN CUTLERY. Door Plate, Screw Chest, Trunk and Pad Locks. Strap, Hook, Butt, Shutter and T Hinges Screws; Screw Spring and Chain Bolts. Files, Rasps, Braces and Bitts, Augurs, Chisels. Levels, Planes, Bevels, Rules, Cross Cut, Hand, Wood, Compass and Whip Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Adzes, Axes, Comsaws, Hatchets, Hammers, Adzes, Axes, Compasses, and Boring Machine Anvils, Sledges, Bellows, Screw Plates, Vises, Tire Benders, Screw Wrenches, Drawing Knives, Jack Screws, Forks, Shovels, Chains, Hames, Rakes, Briar and Grain Scythes, Mill Scoops, Mattocks, Picks, Hoes, Bridle Bits, Buckles, Rings, Pad Trees, Turrets, Post Hooks, Ornaments, Spurs, Curbs, Coffin Trimmings and Cabinet Hardware; Trowels, Putleys, Tape Lines, Punches, Lasts and Shoe Findings; Nails, Spikes, Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails; also Iron of all kinds; Brooms, Brushes and Cordage. Thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit

orders for the above named goods.
DAVID HUMPHREYS & CO. April 3, 1866.

SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP! Our customers well know that it is the begin-ning of the New Year; and with it we are de-termined to close up our Books, and feel compelled to insist upon immediate settlement We take this method to inform those who know themselves indebted by open account, to come forward and set-

the up. By so doing time and expense will be saved. We shall begin the New Year with new enter-prise, and give our undivided attention to the bu-siness of Manufacturing and Repairing FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

We employ none but the best Mechanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as low as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom.

We will make to order Threshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the celebrat d three-horse Livingston; two-horse do.; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improved Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds. (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds, Open Rings. Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and Boring in Iron and Steel. We now have in operations of the control of the

tion our FOUNDRY, and we are now able to furnish Castings of good quality as low as can be bought elsewhere. All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. The highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds. Give us a call at the Jefferson Machine Shop, Stone Row.

WEIRICK & WELLER.

Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1857. WANTED TO BUY. 50 TONS of old Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron, for which 75 cents per cwt. will be paid in CASH. WEIRICK & WELLER.

CARPETING. BEST Ingrain and Rag Carpeting, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, just received by Oct 15, 1867. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. To THE LADIES.—Ladies who wish to have their Ears pierced for Ear-Rings, can have it neatly done by applying to L. DINKLE. JUST received, the latest style Hats, Cloths and Cassimeres. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

TO TRAVELLERS.

BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY. SCHEDULE of Passenger Trains arriving and de parting at the Harper's Ferry Station: TRAINS BOUND EAST.

ABRIVES. DEPARTS.
12 41 P. M. 12 47 P. M.
7 16 A. M. 7 17 A. M.
12 37 P M. 12 38 P. M. Mail Train, Fast Line, Express Train, TRAINS BOUND WEST. Mail Frain, Fast Line, Express Train,

8 36 P. M. 1 31 A. M. Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tickets sold to all the principal cities of the Union.
For further Information inquire at the Office.

A.B. WOOD, AGENT.

Harpers Ferry, May. 14, 1867.

WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC R. R.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Leave Harper's Ferry at 6 20 A M and 1 15 P M.

Leave Shenandoah at 6 24 A M and 1 19 P M.

Leave Keyes' Switch at 6 33 A M and 1 27 P M.

Leave Halltown at 6 48 A M and 1 33 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 7 07 A M and 1 45 P M.

Leave Cameron's at 7 26 A M and 2 08 P M.

Leave Summit Point at 7 45 A M and 2 28 P M.

Leave Wadesville at 8 07 A M and 2 23 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 12 A M and 2 26 P M.

Leave Stephenson's at 8 31 A M and 2 38 P M.

Arrive at Winchester at 8 55 A M and 2 50 P M.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Leave Winchester at 9 40 A M and 3 10 P M.

Leave Stephenson's at 9 52 A M and 3 7 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 9 54 A M and 3 47 P M.

Leave Wadesville at 10 04 A M and 3 51 P M.

Leave Cameron at 10 34 A M and 4 31 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 10 46 A M and 4 31 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 10 46 A M and 5 36 P M.

Leave Halltown at 10 57 A M and 5 37 P M.

Leave Shenandoah at 11 11 A M and 5 50 P M.

Arrive at Harper's Ferry 11 15 A M and 5 35 P M.

May 14, 1867. May 14, 1867.

REMOVAL. WOULD most respectfully a nnounce to the ct2n of Charlestown, and surrounding country, that I have taken the room formerly occupied by the late Mr. Charles G. Stewart and latterly by Trussell & Co., where I will carry on the JEWEL RY BUSINESS, as heretofore I am prepared to do all kinds of WATCH REPAIRING, as well as CLOCKS and JEWELRY, and all who may desire to have anthing done in my line, will find it to their to have anthing done in my line, will find it to their advantage to patronize me at my new place of business. Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon me hitherto, I solicit a continuance of the same favor. April 9, 1867.

FRESH ARRIVAL —Just received another lot of those celebrated American Eight Day and Thirty Hour Clocks—all warranted for one year.— June 18 L. DINKLE

PHOTOGRAPHIC Albums just received and for sale low by L. DINKLE. SADDLES AND HARNESS.

> AND BRIDLES. MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED.

At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia. THE undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &C., in the most durable manner and the &c., in the most durable manner, and the most modern style of work manship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commends itself. All I ask is a share of the public patronage.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Call upon me at my establishment opposite the "Carter House."

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF. November 7, 1866-1y



DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, A RE prepared to furnish everything in their line upon the most favorable terms. They have in store the largest and most complete stock of goods they have ever offered to the public. Their stock of

They call the attention of Country Physicians to such articles as are used in their practice, feeling confident they can make it to their interest to buy from them instead of going to Baitimore. DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS. PERFUMERY, SOAPS.

Dyes, Varnishes, Colors and everything in the line of Painter's Materials, will find their stock large and as cheap as they can be sold anywhere. A fine assortment of paper and envelopes for Ladies or office use.

Jnne 18, 1867. CAMPBELL & MASON.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. Would respectfully invite the public generally to examine their complete stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALSS,
PATENT MEDICINES, &c.,

A FINE STOCK OF DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS, Perfumeries, Soaps and Preparations for Dyeing, Preserving and Dr ssing the Hair, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Dressing and Fine Combsing greatvariety.

Especially call attention to their supply of Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Dyes, Varnishes, Colors, and everything in that line, which we we will sell as cheap as they can be bought.

THEIR STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, &C. is complete. Any book that is wanted will be furnished in three days notice, if to be had in the cities.

Also are agents for the sale of Bibles for the Virginia Bible Society, at their rates

Physicians' Prescriptions compounded with

GREAT ATTRACTION AT MYERS-TOWN! NEW AND CHEAP GOODS!

THE undersigned takes pleasure in calling the attention of the public to the large stock of NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, just opened at Myerstown, Jefferson county, consisting of everything usually found in a Retail Store. The stock is complete. Seasonable FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS—every article necessations.

KEROSENE LAMPS. JUST received, a large and handsome stock of LAMPS; Parlor, Stand, Hand, and all the different styles, to which we invite the attention of our customers. The best Kerosene Oil always on

T ADIES' MERINO VESTS, for sale by EUGENEWEST.

Sausage Fillers, for sale by
Nov. 5, 1367.

D. HUMPHRETS & CO.

TIME TABLE.

JEWELRY.

HARNESS, SADDLES,

L. DINKLE.



DRUGS, CHEMICALS. Patent and Family Medicines, is endless in variety.

Preparations for Dyeing, Preserving and Dressing the Hair, Tooth. Nail and Hair Brushes, Combs, Dressing, Fine, &c., is equal to that of any similar establishment in the Valley.

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A. R. BOTELER, Jr.

October 8, 1867.

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